



Capacity-Building in Prevention and Control
of Chronic Noncommunicable Diseases /

Summary of Discussion

Aumento de capacidades en la prevención y el
control de las enfermedades crónicas no
transmisibles:

Resumen de la discusión

Wednesday, 10 October 2007: Summary of Meeting Expectations

1. Opportunities for collaboration
2. Have more clarity of work at hand
3. Meeting to serve as launching pad towards working together
4. Including the Regional NCD Strategy in TC
5. Interaction and getting to know the individuals that are working in the countries
6. Better understanding of the prevention and control of NCDs
7. Learn from shared experience and set concrete activities for working together
8. Get to know the lines of action in order to support their implementation
9. Attain knowledge and experience
10. Better integrate the mandates so that can coordinate activities
11. Become familiar with the 4 lines of action, related activities, how to best coordinate activities with government in order to have synergy and how to manage health priorities in the country and PAHO
12. Develop strategies with countries in order to improve the management of chronic diseases
13. In addition to updating and complementing knowledge, be able to share best strategies and how to implement them
14. Opens new learning opportunity
15. How to have greater influence on the MOH
16. Making sustainable surveillance systems and how to translate this action
17. Increased knowledge, obtain some guidance regarding collaborating centers
18. Increased knowledge will aid in being able to better support the country's political agenda.

Wednesday, 10 October 2007 (cont'd)

Discussion on Regional Strategy and Action Plan and Related Mandates:
Presentation

Comments

- Resolutions present a cry for help from the countries and many have indicated that they are using health promotion approach to prevent and control chronic diseases
- How do we translate all these resolutions into action?
- Como se ve dentro de casa en particular la incorporación de la salud mental; como se ve la violencia y accidentes; movilización de recursos
- Eduardo Guerrero – cual es la visión del trabajo en crónicas; en las políticas públicas.
- Miguel Malo – responsabilidad del rol salud y apoyar la capacidad del sector salud; como trabajar en la vigilancia; CARMEN en el momento no representa todo lo que esta pasando cuando se refiere a ENTs
- Manuel Ramírez – no se menciona en las ponencias de JH sobre el trabajo del INCAP; esta liderando el plan estratégico crónicas en Centro América y la Estrategia Regional de Nutrición (esta trabajando dos estrategias y además fue pre-seleccionado en el concurso de Oventions).
- Godfrey – worried that NCDs are not showing as priorities across countries and how can countries be lobbied to make NCDs a priority, not just on paper (Belize and Guyana do not have a nutritionist on board) – need to move from talk to action ; also worried about the stated NCD budget that have not been used
- Celia – trabajando con sistemas de salud – áreas donde se tienen menos desarrollo
- LG Castellanos – cuales de los países usan las resoluciones como referencia
- Tamara Moreira – en tiempos de BPB se trato de hacer un plan integrado – i.e. INCAP lanzo una estrategia similar – problema para hacer los BPBs para la Estrategia Regional. Se quiere hacer trabajo interprogramático y no se esta claro como coordinar con INCAP.
- Patricia Ruiz – cual es el rol de la oficina para asesorar
- Cuba – tema de BPB; cuales son los resultados que se esperan, el problema de NCDs se gana a nivel “ground level”
- Existen algunos países que están usando la Estrategia como documento base para formular documentos nacional

Discussion on Social Determinants and CNCDs - Presentación de Guerrero

- Estamos muriendo en la manera de que estamos viviendo
- Tenemos que revisar críticamente los modelos de salud existentes; se conoce que los estilos de vida están ligados a un ambiente; como un país puede determinar cual será la estrategia pública o política
- Hay diferencias importantes en países que influyen en las enfermedades crónicas.
- Referente a los BPB – en muchos casos los países no ponen énfasis en sus respectivas activadas

Comentarios

- L Salazar – Como posicionar el tema en el plano político y ético; como se puede llevar a un nivel nacional y no solo dentro de la municipalidad
- Moya- le agrado que hay un unidad de determinantes sociales; tema de empoderamiento político; presentación muy empoderadora

IKM – Presentation

Monitoring and Evaluation of Implementation of the NCD Regional Strategy

Comments

Yitades in regards to Monitoring and Evaluation – the best approach is to have the National Capacity Surveys—framework has to be established that way countries know when to expect the surveys

Miguel – los indicadores reflejan a los objetivos estratégicos de los BPB

Thursday, 11 October 2007

Panel on Existing Tools

- Roberto del Águila
- Cristina Puentes

Economic Aspects of CNCDS

- Rubén Suárez

Comments

- Vasquez
 - a. Concern about sustainability and changes in government and political changes (regarding the experience of CAN, Bra and CR)
 - b. R Suárez – response - whoever engages in public policy must know what they are engaging in; no debería importar cuanto pero cual es el costo alternativo o la oportunidad que maximice el bienestar de la población
Economía política es balancear el interés grupal
- Godfrey – now that we know the cost of disease how can you estimate the reverse
- Enrique Jacoby – presentación de datos económicos para ya sea asustar o promover acción
- Jose - Brazil –
 - a. concern about policy observatory being at the MOH, how to sustain in political flux
 - b. Cost for carrying out the policy observatories
 - c. C punte – que hay detrás de la evidencia publica -- en español no existe diferencia entre políticas y póliza; relacionado a la política y poder; la política esencialmente es lograr tus objetivos
- Dora Caballero – aumento de capacidades en
- Miguel – relación que hace Rubén con las políticas; crecimiento zero; lacking métodos alternativos

Small working groups to discuss:

Opportunities and barriers to help make policy changes, including how to use the Advocacy Manual can be used

1. Capacities in the MOH; lack of relevant experience in some countries individuals have been assigned as policy analysts; descriptive and analytical and numbers are very important
2. analysis of policy is prescriptive
3. tools for evaluating policy is very limited
4. educate and empower policy as it is driven not from the top
5. criteria is equity;=question of participation depends on how democracy works in the country
6. lack of instruments to put this together

Examples of successful policy changes from other countries/subregion
National plan of action in the Caribbean (which CFNI has been working with) – Food-Based Dietary Guidelines to guide population as it relates to CD in 8 countries; Guyana was first to lunch

Primer nacional de ENT – primer para voluntad política; Guía para CVD en atención primaria (barriers are related to modelo de evaluación)

Caribbean summit- policy change that Hill reintroduce physical activity in the schools

- usando estrategia de la OPS saco una política pública
- Plan nacional de cáncer con el MOH
- Políticas de guías y protocolo de seguimiento para vigilancia

Specific needs of PWR—Focal Points

- Regional HQ can provide an inventory of successful experiences and if they were evaluated
- have Caribbean commission report that has been an useful tool; PAHO can do something similar
- role of PWR and FP= FP should not only be delegated to technical capacities but they can also CNDU
- recursos no son oportunos; hacer colaboración más ágiles

Health Promotion

Evidence-based versus moving into practice – ha mucho conocimiento para moverse en acción. Llamado muy fuerte

Estudio de china seria interesante conocer la base de comparación – cual es la línea de base
Tomo - PAHO has great opportunity for PPP, but should also be changing dietary practice and increasing PA; exchange of experiences

Miguel – enfoque de entornos saludables – esto abarca esto dentro de casa como tienen otras entidades expertos en el area; we have a limited vision of public health regarding our work in this area and continue to

YITADRES – add one item – add oil, animal fat, corn that is gas.
Linking back to the tobacco meeting
Can we use marketing for social marketing

Wrap-Up

Cristina Puentes

- Observations – internal strategy and skills and strategy effectively; everyone in the room has different skill sets in other areas that can be useful that can complement
- Think that it is a very homogenous group and need to be as diverse as the skills needed to implement activities
- Health promotion
- Risk factor on one objective and NCDs in another; need to come together; respect the specificity of the countries