





Open Streets: a healthy epidemic and a promising community intervention for the global pandemic of physical inactivity. Learn about the benefits of Open Streets and get ideas for starting a program in your community.

# What are Open Streets?

Known as Ciclovías Recreativas in Latin America, Open Streets programs temporarily open streets exclusively for people so they can enjoy safe, free space in their city for cycling, skating, walking, jogging or other activities.



Americas over the past 50 years \* 400 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 0 1970 1980 1960 New Programs Cumulative Frequency

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  The figures show programs with at least two events per year and those that were active in 2012. Data are as up-to-date as possible. The number of programs is continuously growing













# Open Streets do much more than promote cycling.

They include a wide variety of activities:

Physical activity classes
Sports
Culture and education
Recreation and play
Local business
Health promotion
Pet services

# Open Streets are multi-sectoral:



Save money because active people have lower health care costs:

#### For each dollar invested in:

S Bogotá's Ciclovía:



3 dollars in health care costs are saved Net savings: 13 million dollars/year

\$ Medellín's Ciclovía:



2 dollars in health care costs are saved Net savings: 2 million dollars/year

San Francisco's Open Streets:



2.3 dollars in health care costs are saved Net savings: 4 million dollars/year

#### **Problems**

Physical inactivity

Is associated with more than 5.3 million deaths per year and increases the risk of diabetes mellitus type 2, coronary disease, cerebrovascular disease and cancer by 20-30%.

#### Potencial solutions

#### Open Streets' participants:

- → Have a higher prevalence\* of meeting PA recommendations than the overall population.
- → Have a higher prevalence of cycling for transportation.
- → Have a lower prevalence of being overweight or

Unsafe streets

Open Streets' participants report feeling safer.

Decreased urban quality of life

On average Open Streets' participants have higher health-related quality of life scores.

Air pollution and noise

Open Streets reduce particulate matter pollution and street noise.

Lack of space for social interaction and recreation Inequality and social exclusion

Open Streets promote social inclusion, social interaction, and equality. Participants come from all socioeconomic strata, and include people with disabilities, older adults, children, families and minorities.

Provide opportunities for economic revitalization of communities.

On average Open Streets' participants score higher on social capital scales.

<sup>\*</sup> Prevalence is the proportion of individuals with a specific characteristic or event at a given period of time.



# How much physical activity is recommended?



Minimum 60 daily minutes of moderate or vigorous PA that is age-appropriate, enjoyable and varied.

Minimum 150 minutes of moderate PA or 75 minutes of vigorous PA per week.

Moderate activities: walking, cycling, dancing, climbing stairs,

Vigorous activities: jogging, running, walking fast, high-impact aerobics, jump rope, singles tennis



### Where to begin?

If you want to begin an Open Streets program in your community, follow these steps:

## Step 1

Gather essential technical information to develop a proposal: Route, street conditions, neighborhoods and populations that you plan to include in the program.

### Step 2

Get to know and identify the local and national regulations related to physical activity, recreation, and sports that might be useful in building legal arguments for the program.

### Step 3

Identify community stakeholders who may support or oppose the proposal. Consider how you will engage stakeholders including community leaders and politicians to support Open Streets.

### Step 4

Prepare technical arguments that are useful and interesting for stakeholders.

### Step 5

Define suitable messages for the different stakeholders It is crucial to be able to show them how Open Streets addresses their interests and concerns. Messages should include easy-to-understand and relevant figures and technical arguments.

## Step 6

Conduct technical and marketing studies and inform the community about the project.

# Step 7

Present the proposal for final approval.

Open Streets' benefits go beyond health. They are promising programs for building healthier, more livable and equitable cities.

For more information and references:

http://epiandes.uniandes.edu.co/ http://cicloviarecreativa.uniandes.edu.co/ During the planning phase, make sure to involve the following actors: recreation and sports, health, transportation, education, urban planning, tourism, culture, security and environment. Do not forget about community organizations.











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