# Medical Technology Training at the University of Technology, Jamaica (UTech)

P.Williamson-Munroe PGDE, MSc., BSc. (MT)



#### **Outline of Presentation**

- Medical Technology at UTech
- The Medical Technology Curriculum
- UTech's Proficiencies for Medical Technology
  - General
  - □ Specific
    - Medical Microbiology
- The Way Forward



# Medical Technology at UTech (currently)

- In 1999, C.A.S.T. transitioned into a degreegranting institution, the University of Technology, Jamaica.
- The Medical Technology degree course of study receives in excess of 100 applicants annually since 2008/2009.
- Accredited. Reaccreditation exercise underway.



### Medical Technology Curriculum



## The Medical Technology Curriculum

- 4 years in duration, each year is divided into 2 semesters with an optional summer session.
- Semesters 1 & 2 approximates 15 weeks.
- The final semester of 4<sup>th</sup> year (approx. 24 weeks) sees the student immersed within selected public and private labs as an Intern Medical Technologist to hone skills.



# Summary of the Medical Technology Curriculum

- TOTAL = 141 credits.
- Level 1 fundamental of basic sciences are revisited + Introduction to Medical Technology.
- Level 2 Each discipline taught *inclusive of Histology* (theory and practical).
- Level 3 Further concepts in disciplines taught.
- Level 4 Completion of disciplines with Adjunct modules such as Ethics & Project. Clinical Practicum/Internship/Rotations.



### Medical Technology - Level 1

LEVEL 1 [SEMESTER 1] Module	Ho: Lec	urs/Week Tut/ Prac.	Cr.
Academic Writing 1 General Chemistry 1 Gen. Chemistry Practic Anatomy & Physiology College Mathematics 1 Medical Terminology (Community Service Project	2 3	- / - - / - - / 3 - / 3 2 / - - / -	3 3 1 4 4 2
TOTAL	13	11	18

LEVEL 1 [SEMESTER 2] Hours/Wee			eek
Module	Lec.	Tut/ Prac.	Cr.
Information Technology		1/3	3
General Chemistry 2 Gen. Chemistry	3	-/ -	3
Practical 2	-	-/ 3	1
Calculus 1 Orientation to Medical	1	2/ -	3
Technology	4	3/-	5
Introduction to Psycholo	gy 3	-/ -	3
TOTAL	1	2 12	18

#### М

### Medical Technology – Level 2

LEVEL 2 [SEMESTER 1]		Hours/Week		LEVEL 2 [SEMESTER 2]	Hou	rs/Week	
Module	Lec.	Tut/ Prac.	Cr.	Module	Lec.	Tut/ Prac.	Cr.
General Biochemistry Analytical Chemistry	3	- / - 1 / 3	3 4	Quality Assurance in the Clinical Lab.	2	-/ 2	3
Immunology	3	- / -	3	Clinical Chemistry 1	4	-/ 3	5
Haematology 1 Histotechnology 1	4	-/ 3 -/ 3	5 2	Immunohaematology 1	1 3	-/ 3	4
Medical Microbiology 1		-/ 6	3	Medical Microbiology 2  Academic Writing 2	2 2 3	-/ 6 -/ -	4
TOTAL	14	16	20	TOTAL	14	14	19



### Medical Technology – Level 3

LEVEL 3 [SEMESTER 1]	Ηοι	ırs/Week		LEVEL 3 [SEMESTER 2	2] H	ours/W	eek	
Module	Lec.	Tut/ Prac.	Cr.	Module	Lec.	Tut/	Prac.	Cr.
Clinical Chemistry 2	4	- / 3	5	Haematology 2	3	- /	3	4
Immunohaematology 2	4	- / 3	5	Histotechnology 2	2	- /	3	3
Medical Microbiology 3	-	1/ 6	3	Med. Microbiology 4	4	- /	6	6
Toxicology &				Biostatistics	2	1/	-	3
Drug Monitoring	1	-/ -	1	(Elective	3	- /	-	3)
Research Methodology	3	-/ -	3					
				TOTAL	14	13		19
TOTAL	12	13	17					



### Medical Technology – Level 4

LEVEL 4 [SEMESTER 1]	Но	urs/week		
Module	Lec.	Tut/ Prac.	Cr.	
Principles of Healthcare				
Management	3	-/-	3	
Ethics for				
<b>Healthcare Professional</b>	s 3	- / -	3	
Parasitology & Virology	2	- / 3	3	
Haematology 3	1	- / 3	2	
Biotechnology	2	1 / 3	4	
Project *	1	-/ -	3	
TOTAL	12	10	18	

<sup>■(</sup>Elective may be done in Yr. 3 or Yr.4)

LEVEL 4 [SEMESTER 2]	Hours/week	
Module	Practicum.	Cr
Clinical Chemistry	5 weeks-200 hrs.	2.5
Haematology	5 weeks-200 hrs.	2.5
Microbiology	7 weeks-280 hrs.	3.5
Immunohaematology	3 weeks-120 hrs.	1.5
Histopathology	4 weeks-160 hrs.	2.0
TOTAL	24 weeks 960 hrs	12



# UTech's Medical Technology Proficiencies

- The training of Medical Technologists here at UTech incorporates both general and specific proficiencies for which the graduate is responsible.
- The proficiencies can be subdivided into:
  - general
  - □ specific

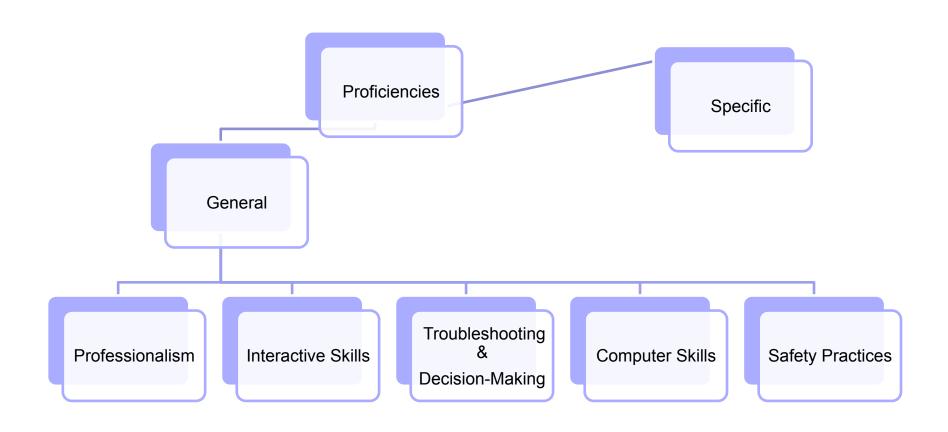


#### **Definitions**

 General proficiencies – indirectly augment the specific proficiencies.

 Specific proficiencies – are derived from the respective disciplines within Medical Technology.

#### General (& Specific) Proficiencies





#### **General Proficiencies (UTech)**

At UTech these are tested under the categories:

- Professionalism
- Knowledge
- Technical Competence



### General – Professionalism (8)

....the student should be able to:

- manage and use time effectively, be dependable and complete work in an organized and efficient manner.
- strive for improvement in work quality.
- 3) exercise initiative and independent judgment
- 4) respond positively to supervision and accept constructive suggestions for improvement in work.



### General – Knowledge (5)

- ....the student should be able to *competently*:
- 9) demonstrate comprehension of the underlying scientific principles of laboratory testing as well as the technical, procedural and problem-solving aspects.
- 10) correlate abnormal laboratory data with pathologic states, determines validity of test results and need for additional tests.
- 11) demonstrate knowledge of and enforce safety regulations.
- 12) demonstrate knowledge of quality assurance.
- 13) demonstrate effective communication skills with laboratory personnel based on the scientific knowledge and application of principle.

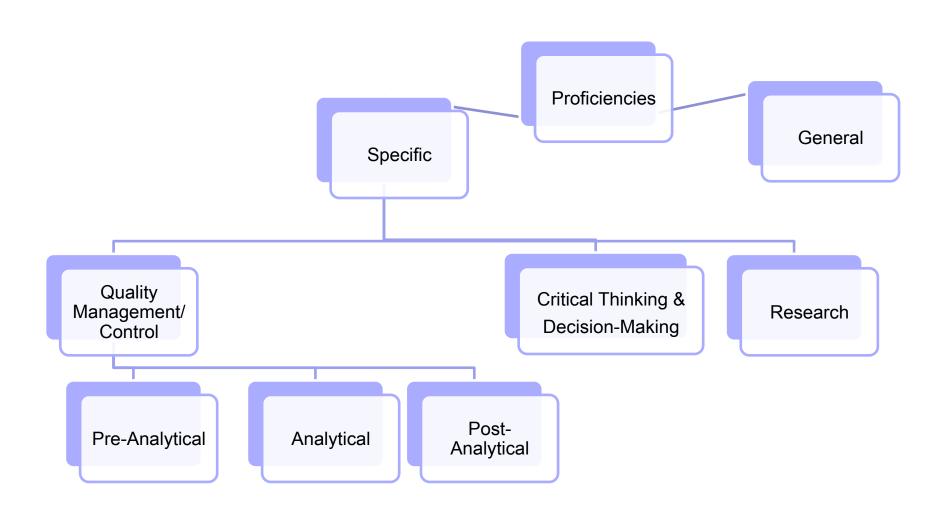


# General – Technical Competence (14)

- ....the student should be able to competently:
- 14) perform and interpret diagnostic tests.
- 15) perform and interpret quality control procedures.
- 16) evaluate computer generated data and troubleshoot problems.
- 17) select appropriate type of sample and method for testing.

#### M

#### (General &) Specific Proficiencies





### Definitions of Specific Proficiencies – Quality Management/Control

#### Pre-Analytical

adhering to universal standards when obtaining & storing samples.

#### Analytical

careful observation of testing parameters during analysis.

#### Post-Analytical

results review, then meticulous documentation of results after testing is complete.



# Specific – Medical Microbiology (Bact.)

- 28)employ aseptic techniques when handling inoculating instruments, transfer devices, culture tubes and the like.
- 29)demonstrate caution and proper handling of specimens; recognizes and rejects unsatisfactory specimens.
- 30) label all media accurately.



# Specific – Medical Microbiology (Bact.)

- 31)select appropriate instruments and media based on the specimen source.
- 32)transfer and streak specimen correctly to achieve isolation for pure cultures and colony counts.
- 33)place specimen in correct conditions for incubation (CO<sub>2</sub>, Anaerobic bags, CAMPY bags).

### M

# Specific – Medical Microbiology (Cultr.)

- 34) Identifies colonial characteristics on primary culture plates.
- 35) Calculates colony count for urines, sterility checks and catheter tips.
- 36) Correlates results from broth and plated cultures to determine *appropriate* subsequent steps (e.g. follow-up testing).
- 37) Correlates results of smears and biochemical tests to correctly identify the organisms.
- 38) Selects appropriate media to perform biochemical tests; inoculate and appropriately select conditions for incubation.
- 39) Accurately read results of biochemical tests.
- 40) Determines appropriate subsequent tests for further identification of organisms.
- 41) Selects appropriate media and inoculate media for tests.
- 42) Sets up *relevant* anti-microbial susceptibility testing for the isolated organisms.
- 43) Operates the BACTEC and Micro Walk-Away instruments properly.
- 44) Accurately logs and files results in the computer.



# Specific – Medical Microbiology (Para.)

- 45) Identifies Cestodes, Protozoa, Nematodes and Trematodes in faecal samples.
- 46) Identifies blood & tissue parasites such as Malaria, Trypanosomes and Filarial worms.
- 47) Prepares and stains permanent smears using Iron Haematoxylin and Trichrome methods to demonstrate ova, cyst and larval stages of development.
- 48) Performs the occult blood test on faecal samples.
- 49) Performs macroscopic, microscopic, saline and iodine preparations as well as concentration methods on relevant samples.
- 50) Performs relevant staining procedures according to stated protocols for specified samples.



# Specific – Medical Microbiology (Sero.)

- ....the student should be able to *competently*:
- 51)Accurately performs and interprets serological tests such as TRUST, RPR and VDRL for Non-Treponemal antibodies..
- 52)Accurately performs and interprets serological tests such as MHA-TP, FTA-ABS and TPPA for Treponemal Antibodies.
- 53)Accurately performs and interprets tests such as ASTO, CRP, LATEX FIXATION, and WIDAL.



### The Way Forward......

- There is the need for curriculum strengthening and networking, e.g. :
  - Epidemiology,
  - Entrepreneurship,
  - Collaboration,
  - Post-Graduate Studies,
  - □ Among others......



### THANK YOU