# Immunization in the Americas

2007 Summary

Immunization Unit
Family and Community Health Area





## preface

Immunization in the Americas is published every year to highlight the key data on vaccine-preventable disease surveillance and the provision of immunization services by the countries of the Americas. This publication serves as a benchmark for monitoring the progress of national immunization programs.

Since last published in 2006, much has been accomplished. The progress toward achieving rubella and congenital rubella syndrome elimination has been remarkable. All countries of the Region but one are including rubella-containing vaccine in their immunization schedules. Haiti will include it toward the end of 2007. Over 116 million people have received the vaccine in mass vaccination campaigns targeting adolescents and adults.

It is clear, however, that much more needs to be done. One out of every three children in Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC) lives in districts with poor immunization coverage levels. The unfinished agenda for us is to raise those coverage levels above 95%.

It is estimated that rotavirus kills over 16,000 children in LAC and causes over 77,000 hospitalizations, but only seven countries have introduced the cost-effective rotavirus vaccine to prevent this disease's unnecessary morbidity and mortality. Pneumococcal disease kills 2 children every hour in LAC although a vaccine is currently available that would prevent at least one of those deaths; only one Latin American country has been able to introduce this life-saving vaccine into its universal children immunization schedule. Cervical cancer kills more than 30,000 women per year in LAC, yet the vaccine to prevent these premature deaths is underutilized. The price of the vaccines currently available for all three diseases is beyond the current financial capacity of families and governments in most countries of our Region.

Strong national immunization programs, supported by PAHO's Regional program, will be paramount in breaking down the barriers to health that lead to inequities. Poor coverage and lack of access to new life-saving vaccines are likely to be the greatest challenges we will have to face if we are to succeed in achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

The PAHO Directing Council, where the Ministers of Health of all countries of the Americas meet to discuss health policy, approved a resolution in 2006 urging all Member States to:

- Create the financial and legal mechanisms for introducing vaccines against rotavirus, pneumococcus, influenza, and human papillomavirus; and
- Optimize the use of the PAHO Revolving Fund for bulk purchase of new vaccines in order to achieve the targets set forth in the MDGs and the Global Immunization Vision and Strategy of the World Health Organization.

With the perseverance and hard work of the immunization programs of Member States, I am fully committed to making this resolution a reality. Working with all our partners, we can continue to make a difference in the health of children and their families in the Americas. I am proud to be able to support our countries in this process.

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Director

Pan American Health Organization

#### For this publication:

<sup>·</sup> Latin America is composed of Mexico, Central American Isthmus, Latin Caribbean, Andean Area, Brazil and Southern Cone.

<sup>•</sup> Latin America & Caribbean is composed of Latin America and Non-Latin Caribbean.

<sup>·</sup> Because of their population size, Brazil and Mexico are shown separately.

# demographic and socioeconomic data

	1 total	2 crude	3 annual	4 women of	5 gross nation	6 nal income	7 annual	8 population	9 national healt	10 h expenditure
	population (thousands)	birth rate (1,000 pop)	births average (thousands)	childbearing age (WCBA) (thousands)	current		GDP growth (%)	below int'l poverty line (%) (latest available)	as a % public expenditure	
	2006	2006	2006	2006	2005	2005	2004-05	1998-04	2004	2004
The Americas	900,505	17.8	16,073.9	235,076	19,029	21,018	3.8			
North America	335,484	13.6	4,603.8	82,969	42,495	41,006	3.2			
Bermuda Canada	66 32,577	11.4 10.4	0.8 340.0	8,177	32,590	32,220	2.9		3.7 <sup>c</sup> 7.5 <sup>d</sup>	6.1 1.2 <sup>d</sup>
United States of America	302,841	14.0	4,263.0	74,792	43,560	41,950	3.2		7.4 <sup>d</sup>	4.4 <sup>d,n</sup>
Latin America & the Caribbean	565,021	20.2	11,470.1	152,107	4,164	8,336	4.2			
Latin America	558,099	20.2	11,347.0	150,298	4,117	8,378	4.2			
Mexico	105,342	19.8	2,096.9	29,140	7,310	10,030	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.7 <sup>d</sup>
Central American Isthmus	40,261	27.1	1,101.1	10,257	2,429	4,990	3.9	17.4		
Belize	282	25.8	7.3	72	3,570	6,740	3.1		4.2 <sup>e</sup>	1.3 <sup>e</sup>
Costa Rica	4,399	18.0	79.7	1,195	4,700	9,680	5.9	3.3	5.0 <sup>f</sup>	3.2 <sup>f,o</sup>
El Salvador	6,762	23.3	158.4	1,791	2,450	5,120	2.8	19.0	3.3 <sup>d</sup>	3.9 <sup>d</sup>
Guatemala Honduras	13,029	33.8	445.9	3,131	2,400	4,410	3.2	13.5	1.2 <sup>d</sup>	4.9 <sup>d</sup> 2.8 <sup>g</sup>
Nicaraqua	6,969 5,532	28.3 25.2	199.5 140.2	1,754 1,449	1,120 950	2,900 3,650	4.0 4.0	14.9 45.1	3.9 <sup>9</sup> 3.5 <sup>9</sup>	4.2 <sup>g,o</sup>
Panama	3,288	21.2	70.1	865	4,630	7,310	6.4	7.4	6.4	2.1
Latin Caribbean	35,333	19.4	689.8	9,192			5.6			
Cuba	11,267	10.7	119.9	3,014			5.4		6.3 <sup>c,d</sup>	
Dominican Republic	9,615	23.8	230.5	2,491	2,460	7,150	9.3	2.8	1.2 <sup>f</sup>	3.2
French Guiana	197	24.5	4.9	50	,	·				
Guadeloupe	442	15.0	6.6	115						
Haiti	9,446	28.3	269.4	2,420	450	1,840	2.0	53.9	2.7 <sup>c</sup>	2.9
Martinique Puerto Rico	397	12.8	5.1	104	•••	•••	• • • •		 2 E	
I DALIO KICO	3,969	13.4	53.4	999	•••	•••			3.5	•••
Andean Area	122,894	21.1	2,607.9	32,790	2,870	6,130	6.4	12.7		
Bolivia Colombia	9,354	27.9	263.1	2,308	1,010	2,740	4.1 5.1	23.2	4.2 <sup>†</sup>	2.7 <sup>†</sup>
Ecuador	45,558 13,202	19.2 21.4	879.2 284.1	12,540 3,399	2,290 2,620	7,420 4,070	5.1	7.0 17.7	3.4° 2.2	2.5 3.9
Peru	27,589	21.1	586.3	7,327	2,650	5,830	6.4	10.5	2.3 <sup>f</sup>	2.1 f,o
Venezuela	27,191	21.7	595.2	7,217	4,820	6,440	9.3	18.5	4.4 <sup>d</sup>	2.1 <sup>d</sup>
Brazil	189,323	19.5	3,702.8	52,357	3,550	8,320	2.3	7.5	3.4 <sup>c,f</sup>	3.5 <sup>f,p</sup>
Southern Cone									0	0.5
Argentina	64,946 39,134	17.6 17.6	1,148.5 693.4	16,563 9,828	4,499 4,470	12,254 13,920	7.7 9.2	5.9 6.6	3.5 h	3.5 <sup>p</sup>
Chile	16,465	15.2	251.0	4,422	5,870	11,470	6.3	2.0	3.9 <sup>d,h</sup>	2.2 <sup>d,p</sup>
Paraguay	6,016	25.2	153.0	1,507	1,040	4,970	2.9	13.6	2.3	4.7 <sup>f,p</sup>
Uruguay	3,331	15.3	51.1	806	4,360	9,810	6.6	2.0	7.0 <sup>c,d,h</sup>	3.1 <sup>d,p</sup>
Non-Latin Caribbean	6,922	17.8	123.1	1,808	4,773	6,734	2.5			
Anguilla	13	14.2	0.2				9.2		4.7 <sup>k,l</sup>	2.2 <sup>k</sup>
Antigua & Barbuda	69	16.9	1.2	20	10,500	11,700	7.2		8.7 <sup>m</sup>	1.2 <sup>m</sup>
Aruba Bahamas, The	104 327	14.5 17.1	1.5 5.6	29 92	0				12.7 <sup>c,e</sup> 3.1 <sup>f</sup>	0.5° 3.0 <sup>d</sup>
Barbados	293	11.2	3.3	82	в				4.3 <sup>f</sup>	1.8 <sup>f,n</sup>
Cayman Islands	45	12.7	0.6		0				3.3	
, Dominica	69	15.3	1.1		3,800	5,560	6.4		4.4 <sup>m</sup>	2.0 <sup>m</sup>
Grenada	106	18.1	1.9	27	3,860	7,260	-4.1		4.5	3.7
Guyana Jamaica	739	17.9	13.2	186	1,020	4,230	-2.2	2.0	1.1 <sup>e</sup> 2.4 <sup>d</sup>	5.1 <sup>d</sup>
Montserrat	2,699 9	20.3 17.6	54.7 0.2	716	3,390	4,110	1.3	2.0	6.1	5.1° 1.1
Netherlands Antilles	189	12.9	2.5	52	a				11.7°	1.2°
Saint Kitts & Nevis	39	18.0	0.7		7,840	12,500	8.8		2.3 <sup>f</sup>	1.9 <sup>f</sup>
Saint Lucia	163	19.1	3.1	46	4,580	5,980	5.8		3.3 <sup>m</sup>	1.4 <sup>m</sup>
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	120	20.2	2.4	33	3,530	6,460	2.2		3.4	0.7
Suriname Tripidad & Tobago	455	19.8	9.0	122	2,540	12 170	7.0		3.8	2.
Trinidad & Tobago Turks & Caicos Islands	1,328 21	14.7 21.8	19.6 0.5	397	10,300	13,170	7.0		2.2 3.4°	2.6
Virgin Islands (UK)	23	14.9	0.3						1.8 <sup>k</sup>	
Virgin Islands (US)	111	13.7	1.5	27	0				3.0	

(a) estimated to be 10,726 USD or more; (b) estimated to be 3,466-10,725 USD; (c) includes institutional expenditure (by activity or program), includes public health insurance; (d) value 2005; (e) value 2002; (f) value 2003; (g) value 2006; (h) includes Obras Sociales (ARG), ISAPRES and FONASA (CHL), IAMC (URY); (k) value 2001; (l) general government expenditures in compensations to employees plus intermediate consumption in market prices; (m) value 2000; (n) health and personal care; (o) health conservation and medical care expenses;(p) health (MERCOSUR).

# immunization coverage

	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
						ge of coverage				percentage c	of municipalities	total number
	BCG	polio3	OTP1	1 year of age DTP3	Hib3	Hep B3	1 year of age  MMR	MMR2 <sup>k</sup>	influenza (for older	with coverage DTP3	$\frac{\text{ge level} \ge 95\%}{\text{MMR}}$	of districts/ municipalities
	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	adults) 2006	2006	2006	2006
The Americas	95	93	96	94	93	92	94					
North America	NA	90	99	95	93	91	91	046	156			1 <sup>c,l</sup>
Bermuda Canada	NA NA	85 <sup>c</sup> 94 <sup>d,e</sup>	98 <sup>d</sup>	85 <sup>c</sup> 94 <sup>d,e</sup>	85° 94 <sup>d,e</sup>	82°	96° 94 <sup>d,e</sup>	84°	65° 37			13 <sup>m</sup>
United States of America	NA	90 <sup>d,e</sup>	99 <sup>d,e</sup>	95 d,e	93 <sup>d,e</sup>	91 <sup>d,e</sup>	91 <sup>d,e</sup>		65 <sup>d</sup>	66.7 <sup>d</sup>	7.8 <sup>d</sup>	51 <sup>n</sup>
Latin America & the Caribbean	95	94	94	93	94	92	95			57.9	64.4	15,113
Latin America	95	94	94	93	94	92	95			58.0	64.5	14,880
Mexico	99ª	98	99 ª	98	98	98	96	55	89	71.8	89.4	2,444
Central American Isthmus	94	91	89	91	91	91	95			35.8	51.7	1,207
Belize	97	98	96	98	98	98	99 <sup>b</sup>	92	NA	83.3	83.3	6
Costa Rica	87	89	89	89	88	88	90		98°	31.0°	31.0°	81
El Salvador	93	96	67	96	96	96	98	73	92	28.2	37.4	262
Guatemala	96	92	95	91	91	91	95	NA	NA	46.2	64.4	332
Honduras	90 99 <sup>b</sup>	87 88	85 94	87	87	87	91 98	NA NA	90 NA	31.9	52.0 36.8	298 152
Nicaragua Panama	99 <sup>b</sup>	98	99 b	87 99 <sup>b</sup>	87 99 <sup>b</sup>	87 99 <sup>b</sup>	94	60	NA 86	16.4 72.4	93.4	76
Latin Caribbean	81	85	91	85	87	84	82			41.8	40.0	460
Cuba	99	99 <sup>b</sup>		89	97	89	96	97	99 <sup>b,c</sup>	59.2	57.4	169
Dominican Republic French Guiana	95 	88	93	89	82	81	99	NA 		23.9	36.1	158
Guadeloupe Haiti	 59	 75	90	80	NA	NA	 66 <sup>g</sup>	NA	NA	40.6	22.6 <sup>g</sup>	133
Martinique												
Puerto Rico		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••
Andean Area	90	86	88	85	85	85	93			37.0	44.9	3,809
Bolivia	87	82	87	83	83	83	88	NA	NA	26.9	30.9	324
Colombia	88	87	85	86	86	86	88	 NA	10°	34.9	32.5	1,119
Ecuador	99 <sup>հ</sup> 99 <sup>հ</sup>	97	99 b	98	98	98	97	NA	67	43.8	47.9	167
Peru	99° 83	95 73	98 79	94	94	94	99 <sup>b</sup> 95 <sup>h</sup>	NA NA	NA 55	43.3 18.0	55.7 40.8	1,832 367
Venezuela -				71	71	71		NA				
Brazil	99 <sup>b</sup>	99 b	99	99ª	99ª	97	99 <sup>b</sup>	•••	86	73.7	74.9	5,564
Southern Cone	97 99 <sup>b</sup>	92 92	93 93	91 91	91 91	87 84	95 97	91	50	52.7 50.1	52.5 48.5	1,396 548
Argentina Chile	98	94	75 95	94	94	94	91	95	89	44.3	37.0	341
Paraguay	85	85	84	85	85	85	88	58	74	26.7	38.8	232
Uruguay	99	95	99	95	95	95	94			89.8	90.5	275
Non-Latin Caribbean	92	88	90	88	88	88	88	0.5		54.1	46.2	233
Anguilla Antigua & Barbuda	99 <sup>b</sup> NA	93 99 b	87 96	99 99 <sup>b</sup>	87 99 <sup>b</sup>	87 99 <sup>b</sup>	93 99 <sup>b</sup>	95 68	NA	•••	• • • •	3 26
Arruba										•••	•••	
Bahamas, The	NA	94	95	95	95	96	88	88	10	73.2°		92
Barbados	NA	85	81	84	84	84	93	94				8
Cayman Islands	87	96		96	96	78	86					6
Dominica	99 b	96		95	NA	NA	99	99	NA			7
Grenada	NA	91	87	91	91	91	99	87		0.0	100	7
Guyana	96	92	95	93	93	93	90	74	NA	46.2	15.4	13
Jamaica	90	86	86	85	87	87	87	44		7.7	7.7	13
Montserrat	99 b	99 b		99 b	99 <sup>b</sup>	99 <sup>b</sup>	99 <sup>b</sup>		NA			
Netherlands Antilles	NA	88 <sup>f</sup>		88 <sup>f</sup>	88 <sup>f</sup>	87 <sup>f</sup>	93 <sup>f</sup>					
Saint Kitts & Nevis	99 <sup>b</sup>	99	99	99 a	99 <sup>b</sup>	99 <sup>b</sup>	99 <sup>b</sup>		NA	82.4	100	17
Saint Lucia	94	85	95	85	85	85	94		 NA		1000	9
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	99 b	99	99	99 °	99	99ª	99 <sup>b</sup>	93°	NA	100°	100°	9
Suriname	NA NA	84	94	84	84	84	83	NA 78	NA NA	10.0	0.0	10 9
Trinidad & Tobago Turks & Caicos Islands	NA 99 <sup>b</sup>	89 99	93 93	92	89	89 91	89 99 <sup>b</sup>	78	NA	55.6	44.4	9 4 <sup>c</sup>
Virgin Islands (UK)	99 b,c	99 b,c	93 99 b,c	91 99 b,c	91 99 <sup>b,c</sup>	99 b,c	99 <sup>b,c</sup>	99 <sup>b,c</sup>	 <33 <sup>b,c</sup>	•••	•••	
Virgin Islands (US)				• •	• • •					•••	•••	•••
Tilgiii isidilus (05)	• • • •	•••	• • • •		• • • •	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	• • • •		•••

<sup>(</sup>a) coverage data is between 99.5-99.9%; (b) reported coverage > 100% is recorded as 99%; (c) value 2005; (d) value 2004; (e) <2 years of age; (f) St. Maarten only; (g) coverage reports for measles vaccine in children <1 year of age; (h) coverage includes MR compaign doses; (k) target age groups vary by country; (l) based on coverage in a large clinic; (m) reports number of provinces and territories; (n) reports number of states.

# morbidity data

	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
		r	1				reported cases					
	wild polio	confirme measles	rubella	CRS	neonatal tetanus	male	inus (non-neor female	total	pertussis	diphtheria	Hib meningitis	mumps
	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006
The Americas	0	237	2,912	14	93	550	138	877	24,513	285	288	37,426
North America	0	58	11	0	0	12	12	24	17,577	0	66	6,376
Bermuda	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canada United States of America	0	13 <sup>a,b</sup> 45 <sup>a,c</sup>	7 <sup>b</sup> 4 <sup>c</sup>		0°	2 10°	0 12°	2 22°	1,945 15,632°	0 c	38 28 <sup>c,g</sup>	37 6,339°
Latin America & the Caribbean	0	179	2,901	14	93	538	126	853	6,936	285	222	31,050
Latin America	0	179	2,901	14	91	531	124	844	6,935	285	218	31,033
Mexico	0	23 °	74	0	4	46	4	50	171	0	0	8,322
Central American Isthmus	0	0	13	0	2	27	12	40	1,508	0	4	1,816
Belize	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	24
Costa Rica	0	0	0	0	0			1	1,037	0	0	
El Salvador Guatemala	0	0	2 11	0	0 2	4	1	5 6	5 48	0	3 0	980
Honduras	0	0	0	0	0	12	6	18	138	0	0	456
Nicaragua	0	0	0		0	4	2	6	148	0		151
Panama	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	132	0	0	205
Latin Caribbean	0	0	32	0	57	57	11	115	17	276	10	882
Cuba	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	0	0	8	882
Dominican Republic French Guiana	0	0	21 0		4	55	10	65	17	16	2	
Guadeloupe	0	0										
Haiti	0	0	11	0	53			47		260		
Martinique Puerto Rico	0	0										
LOGILO VICO	U	U	U		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••
Andean Area	0	99	852	12	18	29	7	172	1,529	0	27	5,178
Bolivia Colombia	0	0	2 4	0	2 4	4	4	8 59	6 233	0	4 20	2,243
Ecuador	0	0	0	0	4			43	233	0	3	0
Peru	0	0	658	12 <sup>f</sup>	4	25	3	28	84	0	0	0
Venezuela	0	99 ª	188		4			34	1,183	0	0	2,935
Brazil	0	57 <sup>a,d</sup>	1,631 <sup>b</sup>	2 <sup>b</sup>	8	360	84	444	797	9	147	
Southern Cone	0	0	299	0	2	12	6	23	2,913	0	30	14,835
Argentina	0	0	299°	0	0			5	1,607	0	16	11,461
Chile Paraguay	0	0	0	0	0 2	5 6	2	7 9	1,285 6	0	5 9	1,494 234
Uruguay	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	15	0	0	1,646
Non-Latin Caribbean	0	0	0	0	2	7	2	9	1	0	4	17
Anguilla Antigua & Barbuda	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arriba	0											
Bahamas, The	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Barbados Cayman Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayman Islanas Dominica	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grenada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0
Guyana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jamaica Montserrat	0	0	0	0	0	7 0	2	9 0	0	0	1 0	2
Netherlands Antilles	0											
Saint Kitts & Nevis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saint Lucia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	] e
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines Suriname	0	0	0	0	0 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trinidad & Tobago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Turks & Caicos Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virgin Islands (UK)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virgin Islands (US)	0	0	0									

<sup>(</sup>a) outbreaks related to importation; (b) provisional data; (c) all U.S. data presented for vaccine-preventable disease surveillance are PROVISIONAL, taken from the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS); (d) cases of unknown origin; however, the D4 genotype isolated is not endemic to the Americas; (e) clinically confirmed; (f) 2 congenital rubella infection (CRI) cases; (g) H. influenzae meningitis data are for children <5 years of age, all serotypes.

# program management and financing

	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	multi-year strategic plan for national immunization	number of ICC meetings	number of NCIP meetings	year of last updated inventory of all	AD syringe used	national system to monitor ESAVIs	spending on routine immunization financed using	spending on vaccine purchases financed using	budget line for vaccine purchases
	program 2006	2006	2006	refrigeration equipment	2006	2006	gov't funds (%) 2006	gov't funds (%) 2006	2006
The Americas	2000	2000	2000		2000	2000	2000	2000	
N. d. A.									
North America Bermuda	no <sup>a</sup>		1ª		no <sup>b</sup>	yes <sup>a</sup>			
Canada	yes <sup>a</sup>	NA	$3^{a}$		all b	yes <sup>a</sup>	100°	100°	
United States of America	no <sup>b</sup>	NA	3ª		all <sup>b</sup>	yes <sup>a</sup>	NA	NA	NA
Latin America & the Caribbean									
Latin America									
Mexico	yes	284	12	2006	all	yes	100	100	yes
Central American Isthmus									
Belize	yes	NA	no NCIP	2005	no	yes	100	100	yes
Costa Rica	no <sup>a</sup>	NA	9ª		no <sup>b</sup>	yes <sup>a</sup>	100°	100°	yes <sup>a</sup>
El Salvador	yes	0	8	2006	no a	yes a	90 91	100	yes
Guatemala Honduras	yes yes	2 2	2	2006 2006	some some	yes yes	91 92	100 100	yes yes
Nicaragua	yes	6°	8	1998	no	yes	87	83	yes
Panama	yes	0	2	2006	no	yes	100	100	yes
Latin Caribbean									
Cuba	yes	2	3	2005	no	yes	99	99	yes
Dominican Republic	yes	5	no NCIP	2006	no	yes	62	69	yes <sup>c</sup>
French Guiana Guadeloupe	•••					•••	•••		
Guadeloupe Haiti	 VAS	12	no NCIP	2006	all	no	4	0	no
Martinique	yes			2000			<del>4</del> 		
Puerto Rico									
Andean Area									
Bolivia	yes	3	3	2006	some	yes	62	69	yes
Colombia	yes	1	2	2004	no	yes	100	100	yes
Ecuador	yes	1	2	2006	some	yes	100	100	yes
Peru	yes	3	19	2004	no	yes	100	96	yes
Venezuela	yes	NA	no NCIP	2006	no	yes <sup>a</sup>	100	100	yes
Brazil	yes	0	3		no	yes	100	100	yes
Southern Cone									
Argentina	no	NA	4		no	yes	100	100	yes
Chile Paraguay	yes	NA 2	5 2	2006 2006	no como	yes	100 100	100 100	yes
Uruguay	yes yes	NA	2	2006	some no	yes no	100	100	yes yes
	703	III	-	2000		110	100	100	103
Non-Latin Caribbean Anguilla	no	NA					100	100	yes
Antigua & Barbuda	no	NA	3		no	yes	100	100	yes
Aruba									
Bahamas, The	yes	NA	no NCIP	222	some	yes	100	100	yes
Barbados	yes	1 b	0	2006	no no	yes	100	100	
Cayman Islands Dominica	NO VAS	NA NA	1	2003	no no	yes	100 100	100 100	· · ·
Grenada	yes no	NA 0	0	2003	some	no yes	100	100	yes yes
Guyana	yes	2	no NCIP	2004	all	yes	95	95	yes
Jamaica	no	0	no NCIP	2002	no	yes	93	100	yes <sup>c</sup>
Montserrat									
Netherlands Antilles				2007	···		100	100	
Saint Kitts & Nevis Saint Lucia	yes	NA NA	no NCIP no NCIP	2006 2005	some some	yes	100 100	100 100	yes a,c
Saint Vincent & the Grenadines	yes yes	NA NA	no NCIP <sup>a</sup>	2005	some	yes yes	100	100	yes <sup>a</sup>
Suriname	yes	NA NA	0	2000	some	no no	95	100	yes
Trinidad & Tobago	yes	NA	1	2005-2006	no	yes	100	100	yes a
Turks & Caicos Islands	no a	0°	no NCIPª		some <sup>b</sup>	yes <sup>b</sup>			
Virgin Islands (UK)	•••		•••						
Virgin Islands (US)	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
J		•		•					

# surveillance indicators

## Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP), 2006

Country	Number of AFP cases	AFP rate per 100,000	% cases investigated	% with 1 sample taken within	Sites re wee	
		<15 years old	<48 hours	14 days of onset	Number	%
Argentina	143	1.40	87	78	24	74
Bolivia	40	1.10	95	78	2,634	52
Brazil	614	1.12	97	71	3,447	89
Canada	30	0.53				
CAREC	17	0.84	96	57	493	100
Chile	76	1.90	83	84	340	96
Colombia	218	1.72	59	82	5,293	91
Costa Rica	18	1.46	78	33		
Cuba	25	1.15	100	96	25	100
Dominican Republic	17	0.54	59	94	252	82
Ecuador	32	0.75	97	75	1,477	67
El Salvador	84	3.59	95	87	30	90
Guatemala	98	2.15	91	73		
Haiti	15	0.37	93	27	72	73
Honduras	76	2.57	96	93	267	97
Mexico	461	1.46	98	82	14,517	96
Nicaragua	27	1.26	100	93	185	100
Panama	9	0.92	78	78	257	93
Paraguay	14	0.70	93	86	457	92
Peru	77	0.91	92	61	a	100
Uruguay	8	0.98	100	88	34	75
ŬSÁ						
Venezuela	68	0.82	94	85	296	85
TOTAL/AVERAGE	2,167	1.26	91	77	30,100	88

## Measles/Rubella, 2006

	Number of	% of cases with	% of cases with	% lab samples	% lab samples	% of cases	Sites rep week	0
Country	suspect cases	adequate investigation	adequate samples	received ≤5 days	results ≤4 days	discarded by lab	Number	%
Argentina Bolivia Brazil	413 207 20,016	11 96 76 <sup>b</sup>	92 99 78	73 81 44	82 77 82	99 99 96	24 2,430 11,514	85 52 86
Canada CAREC Chile Colombia	208 340 2,086	81 30 62	97 92 96	28 79 79	91 93 84	98 96 97	658 571 5,188	99 96 92
Costa Rica Cuba Dominican Republic Ecuador El Salvador	1,019 275 417 158	96 <sup>b</sup> 72 60 80	100 98 99 99	65 59 87 96	100 64 81 93	96 97 99 99	444 236 1,242 20	95 81 67 88
French Guiana Guadeloupe Guatemala Haiti Honduras	70  578 77 150	 94 88 98	99 83 98	 77 22 84	 93 32 91	98 90 100	834 40 256	 49 73 94
Martinique Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru	4,504 194 219 596 2,390	99 84 73 70 84	99 99 99 99 99	90 57 68 87 76	82 94 95 100 52	98 99 100 100	14,517 170 251 457 489	95 100 93 92 98
Puerto Rico Uruguay USA Venezuela	10  2,459	20  88	80  98	100  67	 44  79	100  99	68  631	 59  72
TOTAL/AVERAGE	36,386	79	86	59	81	97	40,040	87

<sup>(</sup>a) base sites were changed in 2006; (b) also includes information on active case-searches.

# technical notes and data sources

#### Main Data Sources

Demographic data: United Nations Population Division. World Population Prospects: The 2006 Revision (linear interpolation of indicators). New York; 2007. From this year on, Grenada and Aruba are included in the United Nations estimates. US Bureau of the Census. International Database. 08-24-2006 Update for countries/territories with populations under 100,000 inhabitants. Last accessed in April 2007 at: http://www.census.gov/ipc/www/idbacc.html

Socioeconomic indicators: The World Bank. 2007 World Development Indicators. Washington DC; 2007. For national health expenditure data, Technical Reports from HSS/HP - WHO/PAHO Regional Units; 2007.

Immunization coverage, immunization program management, and financing information: Annual country reports to Immunization Unit (IM)/PAHO via EPI tables PAHO-WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Form (JRF); 2007.

*Morbidity:* Annual country reports to IM/PAHO via JRF and specific surveillance reports for measles/rubella and polio; 2006-2007.

Surveillance indicators: Specific surveillance reports for measles/rubella and acute flaccid paralysis/polio to IM/PAHO; 2006-2007.

#### Symbols and Abbreviations

not available pop population

ppp purchasing power parity GDP gross domestic product

int'l international

BCG bacille Calmette-Guérin (anti-tuberculosis vaccine)

NA not applicable

Polio3 third dose of polio vaccine (oral polio vaccine or inactivated

polio vaccine)

DTP1 first dose of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine (as DTP

or combination vaccine)

DTP3 third dose of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine (as DTP

or combination vaccine)

Hib3 third dose of Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) vaccine

(as monovalent Hib or combination vaccine)

Hep B3 third dose of hepatitis B vaccine (as monovalent hepatitis B

or combination vaccine)

MMR first dose of measles, mumps, rubella vaccine

MMR2 second dose of measles, mumps, rubella vaccine (when

offered in the routine program) congenital rubella syndrome

Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b
ICC interagency coordinating committee for immunization

NCIP national committee on immunization practices

AD syringesauto-disable syringes

ESAVI event supposedly attributable to vaccination or

immunization

gov't government

pentavalent combination vaccine DTP-Hib-Hepatitis B

m months y years

CRS

#### **Technical Notes**

For detailed information on demographic data and socioeconomic indicators, please visit: http://www.paho.org/English/dd/ais/coredata.htm.

To see the methodology used to calculate national health expenditure, please visit: http://www.paho.org/Spanish/DPM/SHD/HP/nhexp-metodos.htm

Immunization coverage: Proportion of children aged <1 year vaccinated with one dose of BCG vaccine, the third dose of polio vaccine (oral polio vaccine or inactivated polio vaccine), the first and third doses of DTP, and the third dose of Hib vaccine and hepatitis B vaccine, respectively. Proportion of children aged 1 year vaccinated with one dose of MMR vaccine. Proportion of children vaccinated with a second dose of MMR vaccine, as targeted in the countries routinely offering a second MMR dose. Proportion of older adults vaccinated with one dose of seasonal influenza vaccine, as targeted in the countries routinely offering this vaccine. Coverage rates are expressed as a percentage of the corresponding mid-year population, as reported by the country. Reported coverage rates ≥100% are presented as 99%. Subregional aggregated data express average values weighted by population aged <1 year, when a figure is available.

#### Selected Information Products of the Immunization Unit





- Immunization Newsletter: A bi-monthly publication that includes information on all aspects of program implementation, from scientific articles on vaccine-preventable diseases and vaccines to practical matters related to the day-to-day running of an immunization program.
- Measles/Rubella and Polio Bulletins: Weekly epidemiological surveillance bulletins.
- Immunization Field Guides: Seven practical field guides presenting the most recent techniques, coupled with useful illustrations, to help health workers in their efforts to control, eliminate, or eradicate diseases such as poliomyelitis, measles, rubella, yellow fever, neonatal tetanus, diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, Haemophilus influenzae type b, hepatitis B, and rotavirus.
- Training Course on Effective Management of EPI: Designed for use in training workshops for human resources of the Expanded Program on Immunization (EPI); updated versions reflect changes to basic aspects of the EPI, such as supervision, monitoring, safe vaccination, identification of at-risk municipalities, decentralization, social mobilization, management, and administration.
- Safe Vaccination Training Modules: Designed to give health workers the information they need to guarantee the use of quality vaccines, safe injections, and the monitoring of ESAVIs and to address public concerns regarding the potential risks of vaccines and adverse events following vaccination.
- Recent Advances in Immunization: The second edition (2006) of this publication deals with the most relevant topics that countries face in trying to deliver high-quality immunization services.

Municipalities reaching coverage  $\geq$ 95% for DTP3, and MMR: Proportion of municipalities reporting coverage levels  $\geq$ 95% for DTP3 and MMR1 vaccines, respectively, expressed as a percentage. Municipalities are defined as the third administrative level (country level being first), unless otherwise stated.

Morbidity: Number of reported cases of wild polio, confirmed measles, confirmed rubella, confirmed congenital rubella syndrome, neonatal tetanus, non-neonatal tetanus, pertussis, diphtheria, Hib meningitis, and mumps. Subregional aggregated data is the sum of the totals. These are not rates; hence, inter-country comparisons may not be appropriate. Immunization program management and financing:

- Multi-year strategic plan: Written strategic plan regarding the immunization program and its activities for multiple years, usually covering 5 years.
- ICC meetings: ICCs channel efforts by international agencies, governments, and the civil society to help countries strengthen their immunization programs and control vaccine-preventable diseases. ICCs are charged with the task of ensuring coordination of all inter-agency inputs.
- NCIP meetings: NCIPs provide recommendations on immunization practices, including advice on vaccines to be included into the national immunization schedule.
- Year of last updated inventory of all refrigeration equipment: Update can refer to a new inventory or regular status reports.
- AD syringe use: Auto-disable syringes used for all, some, or none of routine immunization (excluding reconstitution syringes).
- National system to monitor ESAVIs: System in place for the reporting and

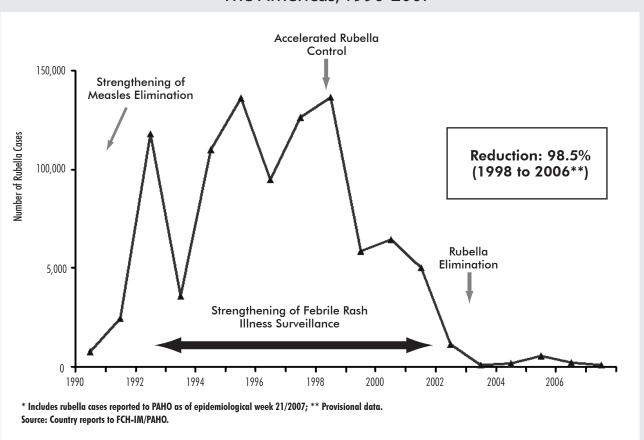
follow-up of ESAVIs.

- Spending on routine immunization financed using government funds: Percentage of all of recurrent immunization-specific spending that was financed using government funds (for all recurrent inputs including vaccines, injection supplies, salaries and per-diems of health staff working full-time on immunization, transport, vehicles and cold chain maintenance, training, social mobilization, monitoring, and surveillance). This excludes any external financing from donors, but may include loans.
- Spending on vaccine purchases financed using government funds: Percentage of all vaccine spending that was financed using government funds. This excludes any external financing from donors, but may include loans
- Budget line for vaccine purchase: Specific line in the national budget for the purchase of vaccines.

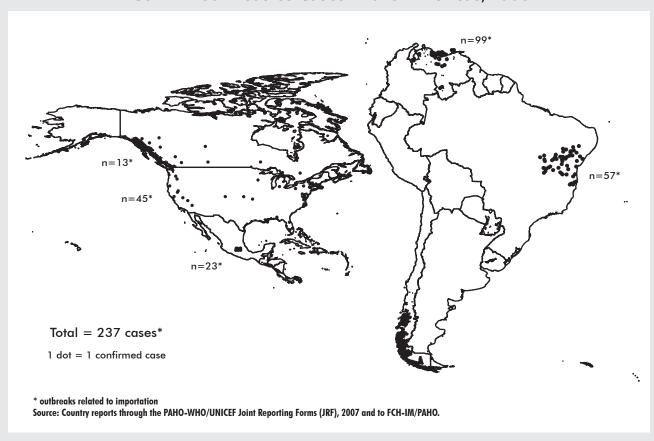
Surveillance indicators: For measles/rubella definitions refer to PAHO. Measles Elimination: Field Guide. (Scientific and Technical Publication No. 605). Washington DC: PAHO, 2005. For acute flaccid paralysis definitions refer to PAHO. Poliomyelitis Eradication: Field Guide. (Scientific and Technical Publication No. 607). Washington DC: PAHO, 2005. Available at: http://www.paho.org/english/ad/fch/im/FieldGuide\_Index.htm.

This brochure is published in collaboration with the Unit of Health Analysis and Statistics, Pan American Health Organization.

## Impact of Rubella Control and Elimination Strategies, The Americas, 1990-2007\*



## Confirmed Measles Cases in the Americas, 2006



## Seasonal Influenza Vaccine Use in the Americas, 2006

			Other Risk Groups					
	Children	Older Adults	Health Workers	Chronic Diseases	Pregnant Women	Poultry Workers	Other	
Anguilla			✓	✓				
Argentina	6m-34m	≥65y	✓	✓				
Aruba		>65y	✓	✓				
Bahamas	6m-5y	>65y	✓	✓	✓			
Barbados		>65y	✓			✓		
Bermuda	6m-18y	≥50 <sup>°</sup>	✓	✓	✓			
Brazil		≥60y	✓	✓			✓	
British Virgin Islands				✓				
Canada	6m-23m	≥65y	<b>✓</b>	✓				
Cayman Islands	6m-5y	>50y	✓	✓			✓	
Chile	6m-23m	≥65y	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Colombia	Starting 2007	>65y		✓				
Costa Rica	6m-5y	≥65y		✓				
Cuba		≥65y	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Dominican Republic		>60y <sup>b</sup>						
Ecuador		≥65y						
El Salvador	6m-23m	>60y	✓	✓				
French Guiana		≥65y	✓	✓				
Grenada		>60y	✓			✓		
Honduras		>65y	✓			✓		
Jamaica	6m-5y°	>60y <sup>a</sup>						
Mexico	6m-23m	≥50y	✓	✓				
Netherland Antilles		≥65y	✓	✓	✓d			
Panama	6m-23m	>60y <sup>c</sup>	✓					
Paraguay	6m-23m	>60y	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Saint Lucia		>65y	✓	✓				
Turks and Caicos Islands	6m-5y	>60y	<b>✓</b>	✓				
United States of America	6m-5y	≥50y	✓	✓	✓		$\checkmark$	
Uruguay	6m-23m	≥65y	✓					
Venezuela		≥65y						

(a) with chronic diseases; (b) in retirement homes; (c) institutionalized persons; (d) Saba only.

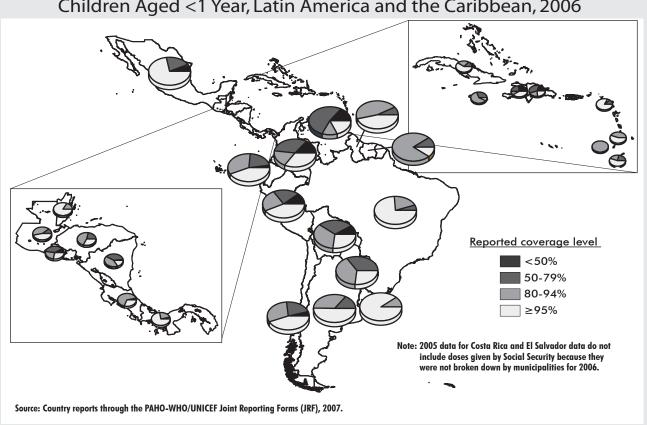
Source: Country reports through the PAHO-WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Forms (JRF), 2007 and to FCH-IM/PAHO.

# Data and Indicators of Rotavirus Sentinel Hospital-based Surveillance in Reporting Countries, The Americas, 2006

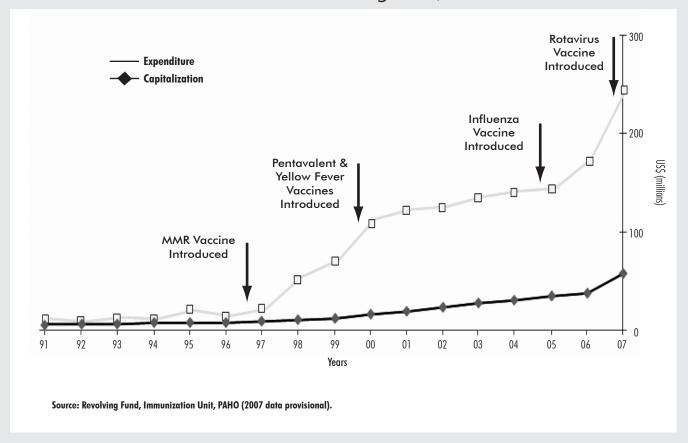
DATA and INDICATORS	Bolivia Jan-Dec	El Salvador Jan-Dec	Guatemala Jan-Dec	Honduras Jan-Dec	Nicaragua Oct-Dec	Paraguay Jan-Dec	Venezuela Jan-Dec	TOTAL
Number of hospitalizations in children aged $<$ 5 years	10,169	30,780	15,794	42,969	8,795	4,956	4,370	117,833
Number of hospitalizations due to diarrhea in children aged $<$ 5 years	2,100	5,344	3,164	4,992	1,400	437	968	18,405
% of hospitalizations due to diarrhea	20.7	17.4	20.0	11.6	15.9	8.8	22.2	15.6
Number of children aged $<$ 5 years that meet the case definition	1,707	3,291	1,512	4,678	565	315	1,146	13,214
Number of children with complete form and stool sample collected	1,170	2,370	1,228	2,699	395	256	808	8,926
% of suspect cases with complete form and stool sample collected	68.5	72.0	81.2	57.7	69.9	81.3	70.5	67.6
Number of cases with result positive for rotavirus	455	1,025	642	1,193	169	92	258	3,834
% of confirmed rotavirus cases	38.9	43.3	52.3	44.2	42.8	35.9	31.9	43.0

Source: Country Reports to Rotavirus Database, FCH-IM/PAHO.

# Percent of Municipalities With Different DTP3 Coverage Levels in Children Aged <1 Year, Latin America and the Caribbean, 2006



## Growth of the Revolving Fund, 1991-2007



## Cervical Cancer Age-standardized Incidence and Mortality Rates per 100,000 Population, the Americas, 2002

