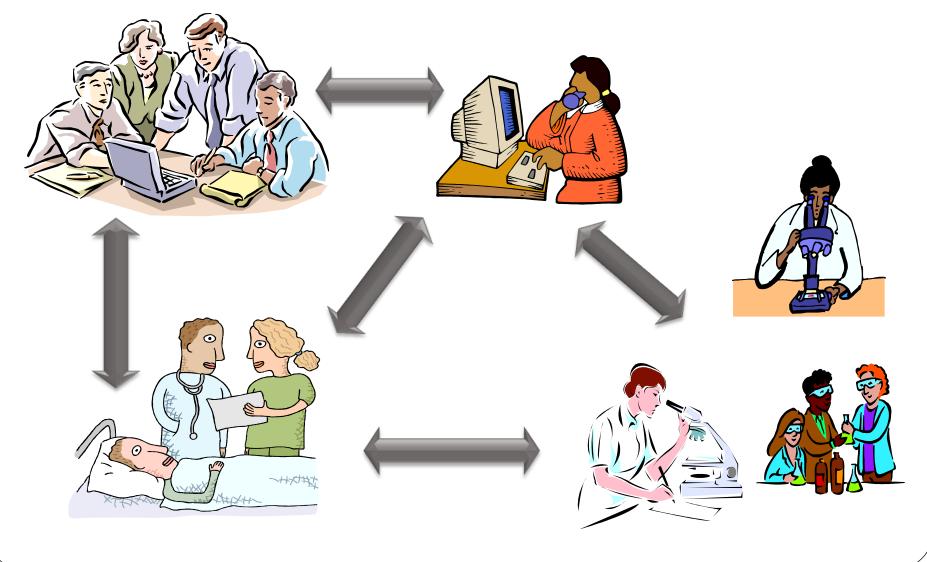
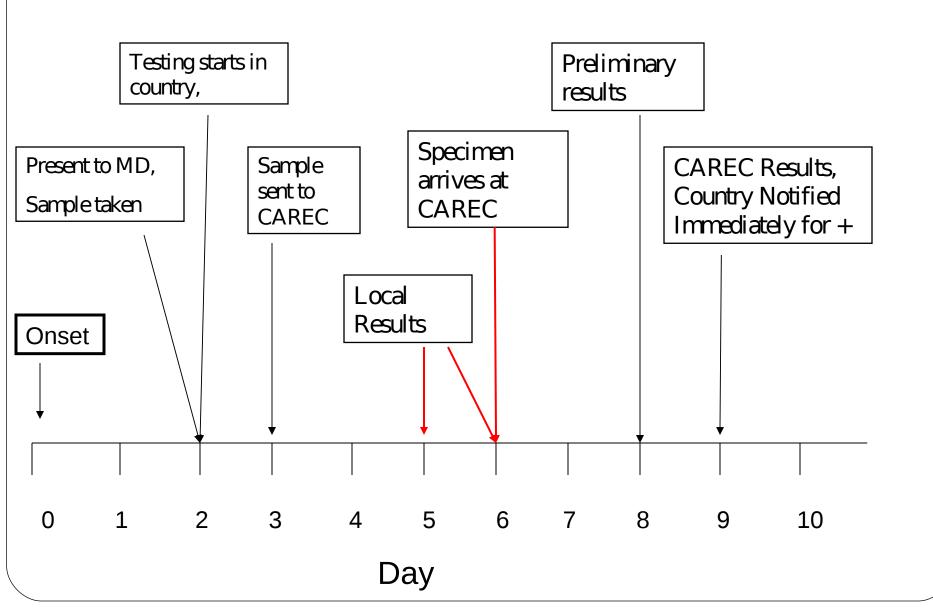
Laboratory Confirmation of Vibrio Cholera

Priya Bhagwandin CAREC Laboratory

Share information timely – specific – reliable



Laboratory Testing Timeline



Divisions of V. Cholera

Biotype (biovar)

different strains of the same bacterial species distinguished by a group of phenotypic or genetic traits

- Serogroup

bacteria of the same species with different antigenic determinants on the cell surface

V. Cholera has more than 150 different serogroups, only two of which cause epidemic disease

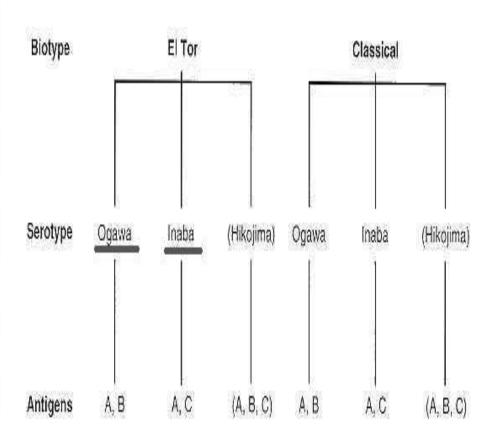
Vibrio cholerae:-

Gram negative bacteria
Highly motile
Halophilic
Salt and fresh water
Toxin production on outbreak strains

Antigenic detection

01 antigen is divided into 3 types: A,B,C

- A antigen made of 3-deoxy-L-glycerotetronic acid
- B, C antigen not been characterized



Laboratory Testing Services

- CAREC supports testing:-
- Motility
- Presumptive ID (Vibrio)
- Identification (Vibrio cholerae)
- Serotype (Ogawa, Inaba)

Laboratory Confirmation

- The reasons to culture confirm cases (for most settings, particularly the Caribbean) are....
 - To isolate organism for identification
 - To identify the serogroup of Vibrio
 - To monitor the antibiotic sensitivity patterns in order to better guide treatment

Overall support - CAREC

- 16 samples tested to date(negative)
- Protocols for collection, storage and transport shared for sending isolates, stool and rectal swabs sent to CMCs
- Media and reagents disseminated to initiate testing in CMC countries
- Laboratory wet workshop conducted for CMC for the isolation and identification of Vibrio cholerae

Follow-up, where we are now...

- Post training activities initiated with CMCs for in country set-up (media preparation, sample collection, storage, testing)
- Continued support as requested

Thanks