# Saint Lucia

## Mortality\*

Number of diabetes deaths			Nu
	males	females	
ages 30–69			ag
ages 70+			ag

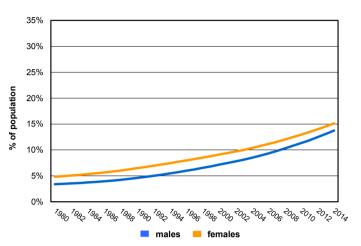
## Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)\*

No data available

Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

	males	females
ages 30–69		
ages 70+		

## Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes



## Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	13.7%	15.5%	14.6%
Overweight	51.0%	63.6%	57.4%
Obesity	19.7%	34.0%	27.0%
Physical inactivity	27.8%	54.5%	41.5%

## National response to diabetes

#### Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	No
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	Available and fully implemented
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	Available and fully implemented
Diabetes registry	No
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	Yes

## Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

### Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin		
Metformin	•	
Sulphonylurea	•	
Procedures		
Retinal photocoagulation	0	
Renal replacement therapy by dialysis	0	
Renal replacement therapy by transplantation	0	

# Basic technologies in primary care facilities

Blood glucose measurement	•
Oral glucose tolerance test	0
HbA1c test	0
Dilated fundus examination	0
Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	•
Foot vascular status by Doppler	0
Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement	•

\* See Explanatory Notes

○ = not generally available • = generally available

World Health Organization – Diabetes country profiles, 2016.