# **Antigua and Barbuda**

Total population: 92 000 Income group: High

## Mortality\*

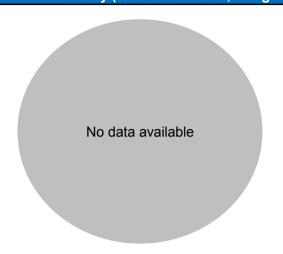
#### Number of diabetes deaths

	males	females
ages 30–69		
ages 70+		

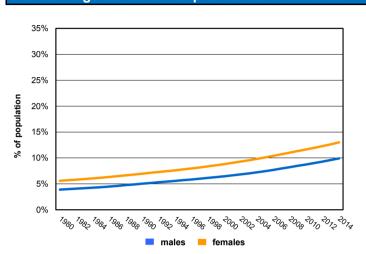
### Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

	males	females
ages 30–69		
ages 70+		

# Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)\*



# Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes



#### Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	10.0%	13.6%	11.8%
Overweight	55.3%	68.7%	62.1%
Obesity	22.8%	39.0%	31.0%
Physical inactivity			

# National response to diabetes

## Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	No
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	Available and fully implemented
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	Available and fully implemented
Diabetes registry	No
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	No

## Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

## Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin		
Metformin	•	
Sulphonylurea	•	
Procedures		
Retinal photocoagulation	O	

# Basic technologies in primary care facilities

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Blood glucose measurement	•	
Oral glucose tolerance test	•	
HbA1c test	0	
Dilated fundus examination	•	
Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	•	
Foot vascular status by Doppler	•	
Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement	•	

Renal replacement therapy by transplantation

<sup>\*</sup> See Explanatory Notes

<sup>... =</sup> no data available

<sup>○ =</sup> not generally available • = generally available