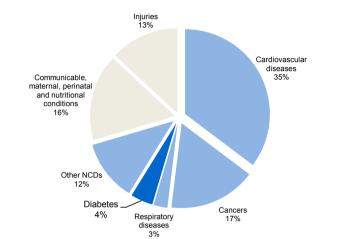
# **Dominican Republic**

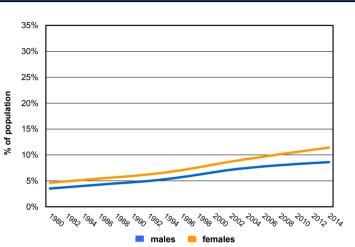
Mortality\*

#### Number of diabetes deaths

	males	females
ages 30–69	360	510
ages 70+	350	810

## Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)\*





## Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	7.8%	10.6%	9.3%
Overweight	51.2%	58.4%	54.8%
Obesity	17.6%	28.4%	23.0%
Physical inactivity	30.5%	39.4%	35.0%

# National response to diabetes

#### Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	Yes
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	No
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	Yes
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	Not available
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	Available and partially implemented
Diabetes registry	Yes
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	No

#### Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

### Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin	•
Metformin	•
Sulphonylurea	•
Procedures	
Retinal photocoagulation	0
Renal replacement therapy by dialysis	•
Renal replacement therapy by transplantation	•

# \* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes).

○ = not generally available • = generally available

World Health Organization – Diabetes country profiles, 2016.

#### Basic technologies in primary care facilities

Dasic technologies in prinary care facilities		
Blood glucose measurement		
Oral glucose tolerance test		
HbA1c test	0	
Dilated fundus examination	0	
Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	0	
Foot vascular status by Doppler	0	
Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement	•	

# males females 700

Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

ages 30–69	620	780
ages 70+	630	1 410

# Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes