



# 55th DIRECTING COUNCIL

### 68th SESSION OF THE REGIONAL COMMITTEE OF WHO FOR THE AMERICAS

Washington, D.C., USA, 26-30 September 2016

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#### C. SUBREGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

#### Introduction

- 1. The purpose of this report is to inform Member States of relevant developments since the last report presented in 2015 with regard to public health-related agreements and resolutions in the framework of subregional integration processes, which are of interest to the Governing Bodies of the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO).
- 2. This report also covers the progress made in activities carried out as part of cooperation agreements between PAHO and subregional integration entities.
- 3. The framework for subregional technical cooperation is supported by Resolution CD45.R6, adopted by the Directing Council in 2004. With the adoption of this resolution, subregional technical cooperation was included in the budget policy in order to promote the strengthening of PAHO's collaboration in integration processes in three subregions: Central America, the Caribbean, and South America.
- 4. Through the signing of specific agreements and memoranda of understanding, PAHO currently provides technical cooperation to the subregional integration processes mentioned below. This report includes a table showing the new developments and progress made in the implementation of priority resolutions emanating from these integration processes, their relation to PAHO activities, and the measures that the Organization has supported.

#### a) Central America

- Central American Integration System (SICA): Council of Ministers of Health of Central America and the Dominican Republic (COMISCA)
- Meeting of the Health Sector of Central America and the Dominican Republic (RESSCAD)
- The Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project

#### b) Caribbean

• Caribbean Community (CARICOM): Council for Human and Social Development (COHSOD)

#### c) South America

- Andean Community: Andean Health Agency/Hipólito Unanue Agreement (ORAS/CONHU)
- Southern Common Market (MERCOSUR): Meeting of Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR and Working Subgroup on Health No. 11 (SGT 11)
- Union of South American Nations (UNASUR): South American Health Council
- Pacific Alliance: Council of Vice Ministers of Health
- Amazon Cooperation Treaty Organization (ACTO)
- Bolivarian Alliance for the Peoples of Our America (ALBA)

## **Integration Entities in Central America**

Central American Integration System (SICA)-COMISCA<sup>1</sup>

COMISCA		
Technical and political	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
forum	resolutions	progress
43rd meeting of	Approval of the Health Plan for	The Health Plan for Central
COMISCA	Central America and the Dominican	America and the Dominican
(December 2015)	Republic 2016-2020	Republic 2016-2020 is fully
		aligned with the PAHO
		Strategic Plan 2014-2019.
		Both plans were the
		framework for the preparation
		of PAHO's Subregional
		Biennial Work Plan 2016-2017
		for this subregion.
	San Salvador Declaration: "Towards	Member States committed
	equity and social justice through a	politically to include a
	regional approach to the social	determinants of health
	determinants of health"	approach in all SICA policies
		and to carry out studies and
		analyses of the determinants of
		health to develop policies
		oriented toward justice, equity,
		and social cohesion.

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Link to information on SICA: <a href="http://www.sica.int/">http://www.sica.int/</a>.

COMISCA		
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
Special Meeting of COMISCA (February 2016)	Approval of the Subregional Plan for the Prevention and Control of the Zika Virus in Central America and Dominican Republic	The plan is oriented to work among the Member States of SICA on common issues.  Multiple subregional plans may create duplication of efforts and competition for scarce resources, including the same target audiences.
44th Meeting of COMISCA (June 2016)	Joint negotiations and procurement of medicines	The joint negotiations resulted in a reduction in prices for some products. Some SICA Member States also use the PAHO Regional Revolving Fund for Strategic Public Health Supplies (Strategic Fund) for various products.
	Support policies, laws and regulations aimed to strengthen breastfeeding	SICA Member States will establish mechanisms for the harmonization of policy, legislative, and regulatory frameworks and prepare a regional initiative to be submitted to PAHO by the protempore Presidency of Nicaragua.

## $RESSCAD^2$

RESSCAD		
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
political forum	resolutions	progress
Agreements of the 31st RESSCAD, held 15-16 October 2015 in Tegucigalpa, Honduras	Agreement 1, on the complementary roles between RESSCAD and COMISCA	Member States will continue working under the leadership of Nicaragua as pro tempore president of RESSCAD in the preparation of a policy document defining the role of the two entities. The
		consultation should include the views of the Foro Centroamericano y República Dominicana de Agua Potable y Saneamiento (FOCARD-APS) and the Consejo de

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Link to information on RESSCAD [in spanish]: <a href="http://www.paho.org/resscad/">http://www.paho.org/resscad/</a>.

RESSCAD		
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
		Instituciones de Seguridad Social de Centroamérica y República Dominicana (CISSCAD), and the proposal should respond to the legal framework of SICA.
	Agreement 3, related to the creation or strengthening of the national regulatory authorities	Member States agreed to implement strategies aimed at the establishment of administrative and economic independent regulatory agencies, according to the respective national legal frameworks.
	Agreement 5, related to the protocol for control of illicit trade of tobacco products	Member States agreed to map the capacities of the countries for developing national plans and to implement activities aimed at sensitizing and promoting political actions for ratification of the Protocol to Eliminate Illicit Trade in Tobacco Products.
	Agreement 6, related to the strengthening of the International Health Regulations (IHR) core capacities	Member States agreed to participate in WHO meetings to discuss the tools for monitoring and evaluating the capacities of countries for the implementation of the IHR.
	Agreement 7, related to the importance of the regulatory function in the monitoring of pesticide use	Member States agreed to strengthen the technical capacity of staff for monitoring the use of pesticides and to map the existing resources in the subregion for the identification of a reference institution.

Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project<sup>3</sup>

Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project		
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
political forum	resolutions	progress
Mesoamerican	Agreement between PAHO and the	PAHO provided support for
Integration and	Mexican Agency for International	the preparation of national
Development Project	Development Cooperation	plans on malaria, dengue,
	(AMEXCID)	chikungunya, and Zika virus;
		road safety; and primary
		health care.

PAHO Support through the Subregional Integration Process to Address the Zika Virus in Central America

- 5. In the framework of joint regional actions between the countries of the Central American Integration System (SICA), an extraordinary virtual meeting of Heads of State and Government was held on 2 February 2016 to discuss the Zika virus epidemic and its association with neurological disorders and congenital malformations. It was agreed that COMISCA would develop a plan of action, based primarily on guidelines and resolutions of the World Health Organization (WHO) and the International Health Regulations (IHR). The Pan American Sanitary Bureau (PASB) Director and the Director of PASB's Department of Communicable Diseases and Health Analysis presented the general guidelines on the response to the epidemic.
- 6. In this regard, COMISCA, with technical support from the PAHO/WHO Representative Office in Honduras, using these guidelines along with those from the Mesoamerican Master Plan for the Integrated Management, Prevention and Control of Dengue and Chikungunya, and the Integrated Management Strategy for Dengue Prevention and Control (EGI-D), developed the *Plan de acción para la prevención y control del virus Zika en Centroamérica y República Dominicana* [Plan of Action for the Prevention and Control of the Zika Virus in Central America and the Dominican Republic].

#### **Caribbean Integration Entities**

#### CARICOM 4

7. The institutional council within CARICOM in which the Ministers of Health meet is the Council for Human and Social Development (COHSOD). COHSOD is responsible for the promotion of health, education, and living and working conditions in the Caribbean Community.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Link to information on the Mesoamerican Integration and Development Project: http://www.proyectomesoamerica.org/joomla.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Link to information on CARICOM: www.caricom.org.

- 8. The Ministers of Health traditionally meet at PAHO Headquarters just before the Pan American Sanitary Conference or the Directing Council; the most recent Special COHSOD meeting took place on 26-27 September 2015 in Washington, D.C.
- 9. The Heads of Government of CARICOM met in Placencia, Belize, for the 27th Intersessional Meeting in February 2016. Among the issues discussed was the Zika virus currently affecting the Region. In the 37th Regular Meeting of Heads of Government held in Georgetown, Guyana in July 2016, the issues of NCDs, the *Every Caribbean Girl, Every Caribbean Woman Initiative*, and the regional response to HIV/AIDS were addressed.

CARICOM		
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
Twenty-eighth Meeting of the Council for Human and Social Development (Health): COHSOD, 26-27 September 2015	Caribbean Cooperation in Health IV  Elimination of mother-to-child transmission of HIV (EMTCT)	The Caribbean Cooperation in Health (CCH) is the framework that guides public health in the Caribbean Community. CCH III came to an end in 2015, and its evaluation has been completed. The priority action areas for its successor, CCH IV, were developed with the Chief Medical Officers of Health. CCH IV will also inform the development of the PAHO Caribbean Subregional Cooperation Strategy.  PAHO support for the implementation of the Regional Strategy and Plan of Action for the Elimination of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV and Congenital Syphilis includes annual monitoring of progress as well as guiding and coordinating the pre-validation process in collaboration with key partners. To date, eight Caribbean countries have applied to the PASB Director for validation, and an additional 17 have prepared reports that show progress towards the EMTCT targets. A

	CARICOM	
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
Torum	Progress toward Universal Health Coverage: The Noncommunicable Disease Challenge	validation of small countries and territories is being utilized. The United Kingdom Overseas Territories and the Eastern Caribbean States are finalizing their reports with the aim of completing the validation process by June 2016.  The meeting highlighted the enormous toll exacted by noncommunicable diseases in the Caribbean and the threat these diseases pose to the achievement of universal access to health and universal health coverage. It recognized the efforts being made by countries towards universal health coverage and emphasized the various actions required to reform the health system to arrive at universal
		coverage. An evaluation of the Port-of-Spain Declaration has been completed, and the findings will be presented to COHSOD.
	Vaccines and Immunization: Policy Matters: Elimination of Measles and the Introduction of Inactivated Poliovirus Vaccine	There are concerns about the declining immunization coverage and indicators for surveillance of measles, rubella, and polio. Countries that have not yet done so were encouraged to introduce HPV into routine vaccination programs. Additionally, countries were urged to comply with the requirements of the Polio Eradication and Endgame Strategic Plan 2013-2018.
	Regional Health Information System Task Force and its strategic remit	The Caribbean Sub-Regional Health Information System Strengthening Framework has been developed with the support of the PAHO

	CARICOM	
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
Iorum	resolutions	Caribbean Subregional Program Coordination Office. This framework aims to identify the specific components of health information systems that require strengthening in the Caribbean and to define standards and best practices to address them effectively. In collaboration with the Caribbean Public Health Agency (CARPHA), a Technical Working Group has been established to support its
	Health systems strengthening	implementation.  In collaboration with CARPHA, efforts are underway to establish a Technical Working Group to address information systems in health and a Caribbean Regulatory System to address medicines and health technologies regulation.  Additionally, CARPHA is working on the establishment of a Caribbean Public Health Laboratory Network.
	International Health Regulations	Member States were urged to adopt the IHR as a tool to support continuous public health preparedness and to become members of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and other relevant international organizations so that they can develop capacities to deal with radio-nuclear and chemical hazards. They were also encouraged to participate in the global IHR Monitoring Framework post-2016.

	CARICOM	
Technical and political	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
forum	resolutions	progress
27th Intersessional	Heads of Government declaration on	The Heads of Government
Meeting of the	a course of action to address the Zika	agreed on actions that
Conference of Heads of	virus	CARICOM Member States
Government of the		would take to confront the
Caribbean Community		Zika virus, including public
(CARICOM), 16-17		education and implementation
February 2016,		of measures at ports of entry,
Placencia, Belize		health facilities, schools,
		hotels, and tourism facilities.
		The second week of May is to
		be designated as Caribbean
		Mosquito Awareness Week.
37th Regular Meeting	Noncommunicable diseases	The Heads of Government
of the Conference of		recognized the progress made
Heads of Government		in addressing the issue of
of CARICOM, 4-6 July		NCDs. They acknowledged
2016, Georgetown		that progress was variable and
Guyana		agreed to adopt a more holistic
		approach.
	Sexual and reproductive health	The Every Caribbean Girl,
		Every Caribbean Woman
		<i>Initiative</i> intended to address
		key sexual and reproductive
		health concerns such as
		teenage pregnancy, cervical
		cancer and the elimination of
		Mother-to-Child Transmission
		of HIV was endorsed.
	HIV and AIDS	Heads of Government noted
		the 2016 UN Political
		Declaration on HIV and
		AIDS: On the Fast-Track to
		Accelerating the Fight against
		HIV and to Ending the AIDS
		Epidemic by 2030. They
		recognized the reduction in
		external funding to support the
		regional response to HIV and
		AIDS, and committed to
		taking collective advocacy to
		fill remaining gaps in funding.

PAHO Support through the Subregional Integration Process to Address the Zika Virus in the Caribbean

- 10. PAHO through its Subregional Program Coordination Office in Barbados has been working on providing risk communication information to CARICOM and CARPHA. The program also sponsored the participation of three intensive care specialists/neurologists from Guyana, Jamaica, and Trinidad and Tobago in a study tour at the University Hospital of Martinique from 17 to 18 March 2016, to learn from its experiences in the clinical management of Guillain-Barre Syndrome.
- 11. The first Caribbean Mosquito Awareness Week was held 9-15 May 2016, as a result of joint collaboration between PAHO, CARPHA, and CARICOM to strengthen existing initiatives and mobilize the public to take action to eliminate mosquito breeding sites in public and private places. PASB provided support for the development of communication materials and a media toolkit.
- 12. PAHO in collaboration with CARPHA, U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and Public Health Agency of Canada organized a training workshop for a total of ten laboratory technologists from six countries who are actively involved in Zika surveillance and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing. Other similar capacity building workshops are being planned in the areas of surveillance for epidemiologists and for obstetrician and neonatal clinicians to review and discuss the new protocols for the clinical management of pregnant women and newborns in the response to the Zika outbreak.

#### **Integration Entities in South America**

Andean Community (CAN)—Andean Health Agency/Hipólito Unanue Agreement (ORAS-CONHU)<sup>5</sup>

13. As part of the Andean Integration System, the Andean Health Agency/Hipólito Unanue Agreement (ORAS/CONHU) acts as executive secretariat for the Meeting of Ministers of Health of the Andean Area (REMSAA).<sup>6</sup> PAHO participates in these meetings as the technical advisory agency on health. The most recent REMSAA meeting was held in Cochabamba, Bolivia, on 14 October 2015. The XXXVI REMSAA meeting will be held in Venezuela on a date to be confirmed.

<sup>6</sup> Link to information on REMSAA resolutions [in spanish]: <a href="http://www.orasconhu.org/reuniones-ordinarias">http://www.orasconhu.org/reuniones-ordinarias</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Link to information on ORAS-CONHU [in spanish]: http://www.orasconhu.org/.

	ORAS-CONHU	
Technical and political forum	PAHO-related agreements and resolutions	Subregional impact and progress
XXXV REMSAA meeting of 14 October 2015	REMSAA resolution XXXV/496: approval of the Andean Plan for Health in Border Areas 2016-2018 and identification of key partners for implementation	In accordance with the Action Plan on Andean Drug Policy, a proposal on drug access strategies was prepared in the second half of 2014 to be presented at the next REMSAA meeting. Border health is a priority for South America because of the vulnerability of its population. PAHO's subregional work plan in South America has prioritized this issue for the
	REMSAA resolution XXXV/497: elimination of rabies transmitted by dogs	current biennium.  Rabies is a neglected zoonotic disease that especially affects communities in the Andean countries with inadequate access to health services. This resolution can support PAHO's initiative to implement the action plan approved by the 49th Directing Council (2009) of PAHO and strengthen the Regional Information System for the Epidemiological Surveillance of Rabies in the Americas (SIRVERA).
	REMSAA resolution XXXV/498: inclusive disaster risk management plan for persons with disabilities	This resolution promotes the use of the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF) in the Andean countries in order to standardize concepts and criteria and align them with resolutions adopted by the World Health Assembly and the Directing Council of PAHO.
	REMSAA resolution XXXV/499: maternal health (resolution requesting ORAS-CONHU to prepare an Andean plan on maternal health with an intercultural approach)	The Region has recognized the persistent challenge of reducing maternal mortality. In the Andean Area, it is a key challenge considering the region's intercultural diversity.

ORAS-CONHU		
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
political forum	resolutions	progress
		The PAHO-ORAS partnership
		can play an important role in
		addressing this issue.
	REEMSAA resolution XXXV/500:	Universal access to blood
	safe blood in the Andean Subregion	transfusions and safe blood
	(resolution requesting that the	products is essential in
	Andean Technical Committee	universal health coverage, and
	prepare a subregional plan on safe	PAHO is promoting the
	blood based on PAHO Resolution	implementation of the
	CD53.R6 [2014])	2014-2019 plan of action. The
		REMSAA resolution is
		important for implementation
		of the regional plan of action
		in the Andean countries.

Southern Common Market (MERCOSUR): Meeting of Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR and Working Subgroup on Health No. 11 (SGT 11)

14. Health issues are addressed by Working Subgroup No. 11 (Health) and in the Meeting of Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR and Associated States (the Meeting). The Working Subgroup is a technical body made up of representatives of the States Parties of MERCOSUR. Its main objective is the formulation and harmonization of common regulations in MERCOSUR in each area of jurisdiction. The main objective of the Meeting is to harmonize strategic policies linked with public health and align them with regional priorities, as well as developing plans and programs of action for their joint implementation. The Member States rotate the pro tempore presidency every six months—Paraguay held it in the second half of 2015 and Uruguay in the first half of 2016. Meetings are held in the country that acts as president pro tempore. PAHO participates as the technical advisory agency on health. The last meeting of Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR was held in Montevideo on 17 June 2016 for which the resolutions are being finalized.

MERCOSUR		
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and
political forum	resolutions	progress
Extraordinary meeting	Ministerial declaration on diseases	Regarding concerns about the
of MERCOSUR and	transmitted by the Aedes aegypti	threat posed by the Zika virus
Associated States and	mosquito: dengue, chikungunya, and	in Central and South
other Members of the	Zika virus	America, the Ministers of
Community of Latin		Health declared the
American and		importance of strengthening
Caribbean States		vector control and promoting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Link to information on MERCOSUR: <a href="http://www.mercosur.int/">http://www.mercosur.int/</a>.

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MERCOSUR			
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and	
political forum	resolutions	progress	
(CELAC), 3 February		South-South cooperation	
2016, Montevideo,		with PAHO's technical	
Uruguay		support.	

*Union of South American Nations (UNASUR)*<sup>8</sup>

15. UNASUR's South American Health Council (CSS) is made up of a Coordinating Committee, a Technical Secretariat, and five technical groups. The Technical Secretariat, consisting of the president pro tempore and representatives of two countries (past and future presidents pro tempore), convenes and supports the Council's meetings. In April 2016, Venezuela became president pro tempore for a period of one year. The last meeting of the South American Health Council was held on 11 September 2015 in Montevideo, Uruguay.

UNASUR				
Technical and political	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and		
forum	resolutions	progress		
Declaration of the	Agreement No. 1: high-cost	There is concern in all South		
IX Meeting of	medicines. The Ministers decided to	America countries regarding		
UNASUR's South	create an ad hoc committee to	access to medicines,		
American Health	negotiate prices for medicines in order	especially those of high cost.		
Council (CSS)	to promote universal access to	Through PAHO's Strategic		
(11 September 2015)	medicines for UNASUR countries	Fund, the procurement of		
		essential medicines and basic		
		public health products takes		
		on a new perspective as it is		
		accompanied by technical		
		support from PASB in the		
		management of supply		
		systems and the acquisition		
		of low-cost products that		
		meet international quality		
		standards.		
	Agreement No. 5: memorandum of	This MOU, which is in the		
	understanding (MOU) between PAHO	process of formal approval,		
	and UNASUR for collaboration	will enhance collaboration		
	through projects and activities	between PAHO and		
		UNASUR to address health		
		challenges in South America.		
		The strengthening of the		
		subregional level of technical		
		cooperation in PAHO will		
		facilitate implementation of		
		the MOU.		

Link to information on the South American Health Council: <a href="www.unasursg.org">www.unasursg.org</a>.

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UNASUR			
Technical and political	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and	
forum	resolutions	progress	
	Agreement No. 7: maternal mortality.	The 54th Directing Council	
	The Council expressed concern about	of PAHO discussed this issue	
	the new methodology implemented by	and adopted Resolution	
	WHO/UN/Maternal Mortality	CD54.R18 (2015), which	
	Estimation Inter-agency Group to	calls on the interagency	
	measure maternal mortality	group to return to the method	
		for estimating maternal	
		mortality used during the	
		period 1990-2015.	

# Pacific Alliance<sup>9</sup>

16. The Pacific Alliance is a Latin American trade bloc that currently consists of four Member States—Chile, Colombia, Mexico, and Peru—that all border the Pacific Ocean. Health has been included in the Alliance's agenda in vice ministerial meetings held in Colombia (22 June 2015) and Peru (29 February 2016).

Pacific Alliance: Council of Vice Ministers of Health			
Technical and	PAHO-related agreements and	Subregional impact and	
political forum	resolutions	progress	
Declaration of the	The Vice Ministers defined the health	The issues included in the	
1st Vice Ministerial	agenda of the Pacific Alliance,	agenda of the Pacific	
Meeting of Health,	including access to medicines and	Alliance are important to	
22 June 2015, Bogotá,	quality of health services	advance the Regional	
Colombia		Strategy for Universal	
Declaration of the	The Vice Ministers requested technical	Health, and the	
2nd Vice Ministerial	assistance from PAHO, Inter-American	collaboration network of	
Meeting of Health, 29	Development Bank (IDB), and	Member States provides a	
February 2016, Lima,	Organization for Economic	unique opportunity to	
Peru	Cooperation and Development	enhance partnerships with	
	(OECD) to implement the Alliance's	key players in the region	
	health agenda with respect to access to	(OECD, Asia-Pacific	
	medicines and quality of health	Economic Cooperation,	
	services. They also included the	IDB, etc.).	
	recommendation to implement the		
	Health Services Network for Latin		
	America with OECD and		
	recommended the formulation of a plan		
	of action for 2016-2017		

 $<sup>^9</sup>$  Link to information on the Pacific Alliance:  $\underline{\text{https://alianzapacifico.net/\#inicio}}.$ 

Bolivarian Alliance for the Peoples of Our America (ALBA-TCP)<sup>10</sup>

17. The Alliance was founded in Havana, Cuba, on 14 December 2004 through an agreement between Venezuela and Cuba. The South American countries that are members of ALBA-TCP are Bolivia, Ecuador, and Venezuela.

PAHO Support through Subregional Integration Processes to Address the Zika Virus in South America

- 18. In February 2016, during the CELAC meeting, the Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR, UNASUR, and CELAC held an emergency meeting to discuss the Zika virus emergency. The PASB Director participated in this meeting by providing relevant information on the epidemic and supported the agreements made.
- 19. The PAHO South American Subregional Work Plan 2016-2017 includes a component on the promotion of South-South cooperation and the prevention and control of communicable diseases, which responds well to the call made by the Ministers of Health of MERCOSUR and Associated States on 3 February 2016, for PAHO to support the promotion of South-South cooperation on the Zika emergency.

## **Action by the Directing Council**

20. The Directing Council is invited to take note of this report and to formulate any recommendations it deems relevant.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Link to information on ALBA: www.portalalba.org.