**AUSCULTATION.** If only this method is available, the preparations described in the above quadrants should apply.

- Inflatable bladder width should be about 40% of arm circumference and bladder length should be about 80-100% of the individual's arm circumference.
- For auscultation, the lower edge of the cuff should be 2-3 cm above the elbow crease and the tubing or marking to denote the artery should be centered over the brachial artery.
- For auscultatory measurements, the cuff should be at heart level.
- Increase the pressure rapidly to 30 mmHg above the level at which the brachial or radial pulse is extinguished, place the stethoscope head over the center of the brachial artery, deflate the cuff by approximately 2 mmHg per heartbeat, and determine systolic (appearance of Korotkoff sounds) and diastolic (disappearance of Korotkoff sounds).
- Avoid terminal digit preference (rounding up or down to a zero for the last digit).

**GOOD PRACTICE**

**INITIAL VISIT**
Readings should be taken in each arm and the higher arm should be used for subsequent measurements.

**FOLLOW UP VISITS**
Two or more readings should be taken at each visit and the mean calculated.

**PREPARATION OF THE PATIENT BEFORE TAKING THE BLOOD PRESSURE**
- Rest comfortably in a quiet environment for 5 minutes in a chair.
- Have an empty bladder.
- Not have eaten, ingested caffeine, smoked, or engaged in physical activity at least 30 minutes prior to the measurement.

*Measure the blood pressure in a quiet, private environment with adequate ambient temperature.*

**REQUIREMENTS FOR OBTAINING AN ACCURATE BLOOD PRESSURE READING**

1. **DON'T HAVE A CONVERSATION**
   - Talking or active listening adds up to 10 mmHg

2. **SUPPORT ARM AT HEART LEVEL**
   - Unsupported arm adds up to 10 mmHg

3. **PUT THE CUFF ON BARE ARM**
   - Thick clothing adds up to 5-50 mmHg

4. **USE CORRECT CUFF SIZE**
   - Cuff too small adds up to 2-10 mmHg

5. **SUPPORT FEET**
   - Unsupported feet adds up to 6 mmHg

6. **KEEP LEGS UncROSSED**
   - Crossed legs adds up to 2-8 mmHg

7. ** EMPTY BLADDER FIRST**
   - Full bladder adds up to 10 mmHg

8. **SUPPORT BACK**
   - Unsupported back adds up to 6 mmHg

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