

Achieving 90-90-90 and "getting to zero" in the Americas requires addressing equity for Indigenous communities

(SUSA06)

Satellite organization: PAHO/WHO, UNAIDS, International Indigenous Working Group on HIV/AIDS (IIWGHA) and Secretariado Internacional de Pueblos Indígenas frente al VIH/sida, la sexualidad y los Derechos Humanos (SIPIA)

Time slot: Sunday 21st July 10:15am 12:15pm (2h)

Duration: 120 minutes

Room: Palacio de Iturbide

Room capacity: 200

Satellite description

Ending AIDS and other priority communicable diseases (TB, STIs, hepatitis) requires meaningful engagement of Indigenous communities, inclusive public health responses and differentiated culturally pertinent approaches. Indigenous peoples systematically experience discrimination, exclusion, social and health inequities in a context of historical and ongoing colonization processes. This satellite presents current evidence of burden of diseases in indigenous peoples in the Americas and addresses the need to engender a research culture within indigenous communities, and improve information, including on epidemic drivers and social determinants. Representatives from Indigenous organizations will discuss and propose strategies to advance HIV/STI combination prevention and sexual and reproductive health services in Indigenous communities, including from the perspective of sexuality, gender diversity and key populations; and to expand access to rapid testing with effective linkage and retention in culturally sensitive and acceptable comprehensive services, with integrated approach to HIV/STIs, TB and hepatitis and ensuring synergy with traditional medicine.

Achieving 90-90-90 and "getting to zero" in the Americas requires addressing equity for indigenous communities Moderators Part 1: Pilar Montalvo (SIPIA)/Giovanni Ravasi (PAHO/WHO)

Part 1 – Evidence	
Social determinants in	Amaranta Gomez (SIPIA, Mexico)
Indigenous peoples and the HIV	
epidemic: the other shadow	
The syndemic of HIV, STI,	Roberto Orellana (Portland State University, USA)
trauma, and other social factors	
among indigenous peoples in	
North America	
Ending TB - a necessary goal for	Wendy Wobeser (Queen's University, Kingston, Canada)
reaching 90/90/90 amongst	
Indigenous Peoples	
Conducting research on HIV	Renée Masching (CAAN)
among indigenous peoples:	
values, approaches and	
guidelines	
Q/A	
Closing remarks Part 1	
Part 2 – Experience -	
Moderators Part 2: Renée Masching (CAAN)/Edgar Carrasco (UNAIDS)	
IIWGHA 10-point statement,	Trevor Stratton (IIWGHA)
lessons learned towards Global	
Targets	
Intercultural dialogues and the	Pilar Montalvo (SIPIA, Peru)
role of Indigenous organizations	
in the HIV response: experience	
from the triple border Bolivia-	
Brazil-Peru	
Sowing seeds: the HIV response	José Martín Yac H.
from the perspective of the	Maya kiché (SIPIA Guatemala)
Mayan population of the	, -,,
Guatemalan highlands	
Prevention and control of HIV in	Carlos Manuel Benites Villafane (Ministry of Health, Peru)
Indigenous community in the	
Amazon region: the Peruvian	
experience	
Q/A	
Closing remarks Part 2	