# El Salvador (Ages 13-15) Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET . . . . . . . . . . . . .

The El Salvador GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components El Salvador could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The El Salvador GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 7, 8 and 9 conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for El Salvador. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 50.0%, the class response rate was 100.0%, the student response rate was 88.5%, and the overall response rate was 44.2%. A total of 1,797 students aged 13-15 participated in the El Salvador GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

34.5% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 44.4%, Girl = 27.5%)

19.0% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 24.4%, Girl = 15.4%)

14.0% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 18.4%, Girl = 10.9%)

8.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 10.5%, Girl = 7.0%)

10.7% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

#### **Knowledge and Attitudes**

23.1% think boys and 13.4% think girls who smoke have more friends 9.4% think boys and 7.2% think girls who smoke look more attractive

## Access and Availability - Current Smokers

19.4% usually smoke at home

32.5% buy cigarettes in a store

79.7% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

## **Exposure to Secondhand Smoke (SHS)**

14.8% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

39.5% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

88.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

73.2% think smoke from others is harmful to them

19.7% have one or more parents who smoke

11.4% have most or all friends who smoke

#### Cessation - Current Smokers

97.7% want to stop smoking

78.2% tried to stop smoking during the past year

72.4% have ever received help to stop smoking

## Media and Advertising

79.8% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days

86.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days

89.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

9.1% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

9.5% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

#### School

59.2% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking

36.1% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

56.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

## **Highlights**

- 19.0% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 14.0% currently smoke cigarettes; 8.4% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- SHS exposure is high 14.8% of students live in homes where others smoke, and 2 in 5 students are exposed to smoke around others outside of the home; 1 in 5 students have at least one parent who smokes.
- More than 7 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Nearly 9 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- Almost all current smokers want to stop smoking.
- One in 11 students has an object with a cigarette brand logo on it.
- Eight in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; close to 9 in 19 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers or magazines in the past 30 days.