POLIOMYELITIS



+ impact goal

Sustain elimination of transmission

+ Elimination target

Zero cases of poliomyelitis due to wild poliovirus or circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus in children younger than 15 years in 12 months in any defined geographical area

+ Programmatic targets

≥95% coverage of the third dose of polio vaccine through routine immunization

21 case of acute flaccid paralysis should be detected annually per 100 000 children under 15 years

>80% of cases have adequate samples collected and are investigated within 48 hours or less

Action steps to sustain elimination

Best buys

Vaccinate to protect and prevent vaccine-derived strains:

-Maintain high vaccination coverage by ensuring every child receives the recommended doses

2 Regular risk assessment and mitigation plan:

 Implement a targeted polio mitigation plan, prioritized based on risk analysis, to boost vaccination coverage, enhance surveillance, and ensure readiness

O Preparedness and response:

-Response plans in place and trained teams ready to respond quickly to any polio outbreak or event

Strong acute flaccid paralysis (AFP) surveillance:

- -High-quality surveillance to rapidly detect and respond to any potential poliovirus transmission
- -Ensure prompt investigation and stool sample collection for AFP cases

More information

- · Emanuele CA, Jean Baptiste AE, Chévez AE, Magarinos M, Antelo MV, Arza S, et al. Maintaining the Region of the Americas free of polio: best practices for incident management support teams. Rev Panam Salud Publica. 2024;48:e23. Available from: https://doi.org/10.26633/RPSP.2024.23.
- · Pan American Health Organization. Poliomyelitis Eradication: Field Guide. Third edition. Washington, D.C.: PAHO; 2006. (Scientific and Technical Publication No. 607). Available from: https://iris.paho.org/handle/10665.2/735.



